

FLOATING and TRUNNION MOUNTED BALL VALVES SOFT and METAL SEATED ASME CLASS 150~2500

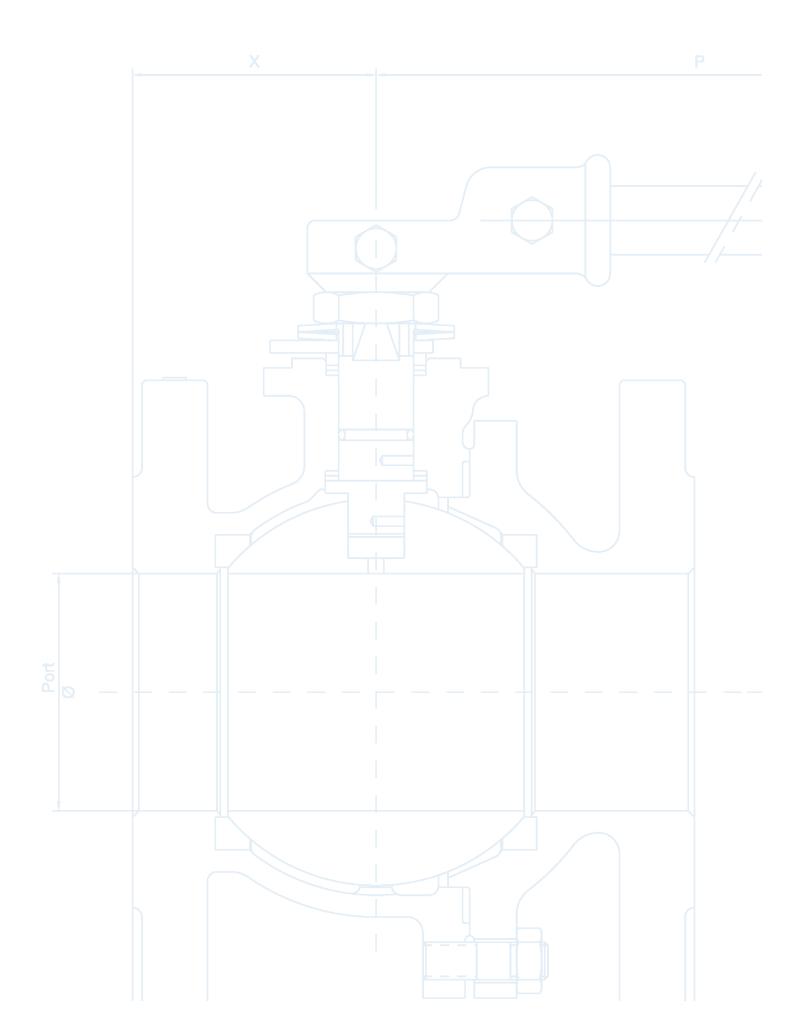
GENERAL CATALOG









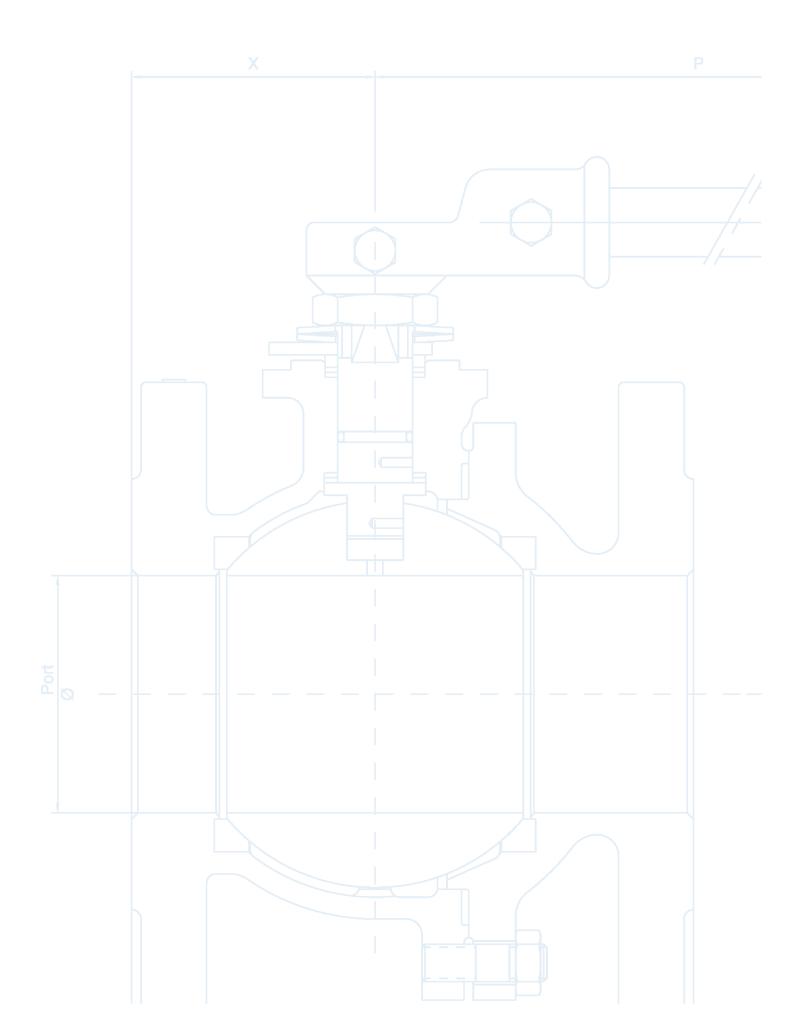


KITZ

A PRODUCT OF TECHNOLOGY







ISO Vitrificados E. Vilaseca was founded in 1925. Their original focus was the production and application of chemical coatings for the interior of tanks and vessels.

In 1954, ISO responded to the developing needs of the flow control market and began manufacturing ball valves – the first to do so in Spain and the second in Europe. Since then, the company has become a premier producer in Europe and worldwide with established markets in the Chemical, Hydrocarbon Processing Industry, Pharmacuetical, Gas Transmission and other industries.



KITZ Corporation of Japan purchased ISO in 1991 to strengthen its position globally as a leader in the production of quality valves and to enhance and broaden its offering of quarter-turn product.



Now known as KITZ Corporation of Europe (KCE), the company is located in Barcelona, Spain. Its manufacturing facility is 82,000 square feet and houses some of the most modern production machinery, tooling and testing equipment in the industry.

KCE's Quality System is ISO-9001 certified since 1992 and its product meets all ASME, American Petroleum Industry, MSS and British standards as well as other

In-house R&D and staff engineering keep KCE at the forefront of valve development and innovation.









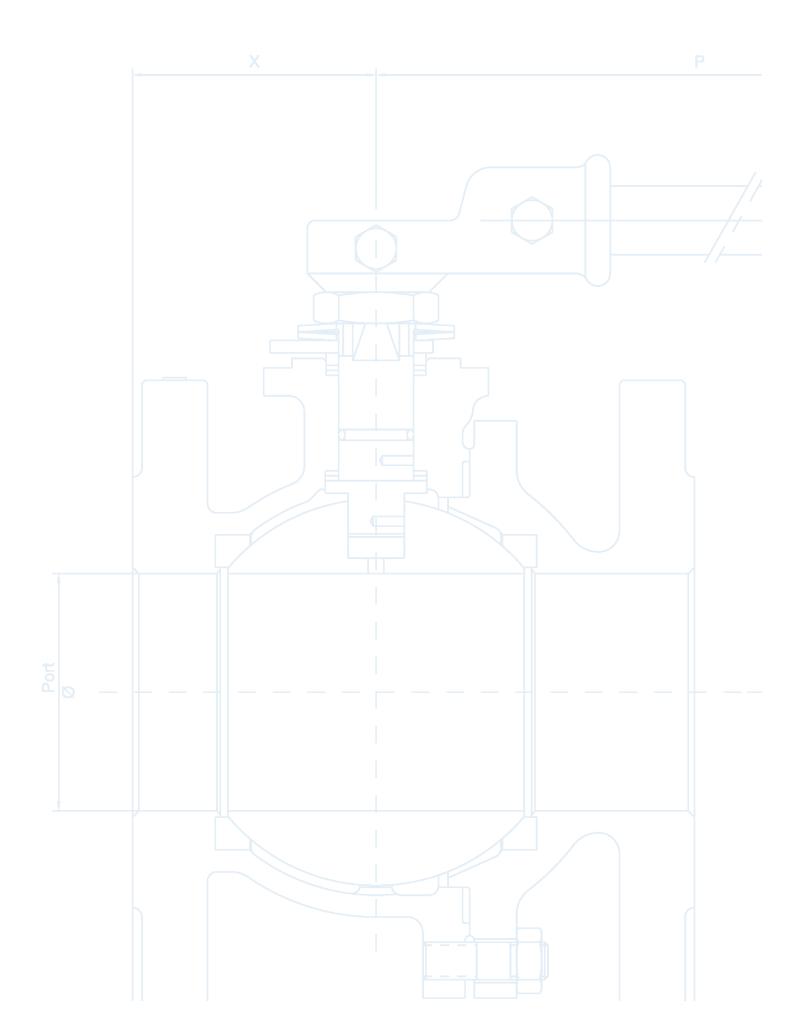
international standards required of its broad customer base. KITZ Iso valves have been assessed by Bureau Veritas S.A. and have been certified to be in accordance to CE Pressure Equipment Directive No.

97/23/EC.





When addressing your valving needs, consider KITZ Iso brand floating and trunnion mounted ball valves. They are part of a broad KITZ family of quality final control elements and are characterized by unparalleled excellence, low operating torque and a very competitive price.





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Why choose a KITZ - "Iso" ball valve?

Our main concern has always been to strike a balance between two situations. On the one hand, we want to give individual treatment to each one of our customers by offering customized solutions. On the other hand, we also want to offer a wide range of products that can provide a global answer to the market. How do we balance these two requirements? Very easily: we take the most demanding quality-related features from each customer and make them standard on all our valves. In this fashion the concept of "special option" becomes a "standard feature". The advantages of presenting an integral concept with a high added value - suitable for multiple applications - are revealed by cost reduction - in the short run - and by a safety guarantee.

- APPROVALS and CERTIFICATES KITZ has always believed strongly that its products and services must be backed by the most demanding Industry Standards, Approvals and Certifications as proof of the maximum quality assurance.
- ISO 5211 KITZ Iso Brand ball valves are supplied with ISO 5211 actuator mounting pads/flanges as standard.
- STEM O-RING To supplement the integrity of the packing, KITZ Iso Brand valves provide a secondary o-ring seal for fugitive emissions abatement and positive sealing at low pressures (4 psig) and in vacuum service (0.00013 mbar).
- LOW OPERATING TORQUES Precise machine tolerances and a tight interface between the ball and stem, stem and stuffing box and seats and ball result in perhaps the lowest operating torque across the entire size range of the KITZ Iso Brand ball valves. The low torque can save as much as one (1) actuator size for the user and lower maintenance costs due to less wear on moving parts.
- ANTI-STATIC STEMS Anti-static devices are standard on KITZ Iso Brand ball valves. With a maximum impedance of 10Ω , users are insured of reliable electrical continuity between the ball-stem-body.
- FIRESAFETY All KITZ Iso Brand ball valves can meet the stringent fire test requirements of API 607, British Standard BS 6755 or API 6D among others.
- QUALITY CASTINGS Captive foundries provide consistent metallurgical quality and surface finish.
- LOW EMISSIONS KITZ Iso Brand ball valves can be certified to the most demanding air quality standards.
- PRICE KITZ Iso Brand ball valves provide unparalleled value from its initial procurement to installation and startup and in reliable service over time. The total cost of ownership (TCO) of these valves is amongst the lowest in the industry.
- CUSTOMER SERVICE KITZ Iso Brand ball valves are supported by the most knowledgeable sales team in the industry. Our support begins with the initial inquiry and continues through purchasing, installation and start-up.











Product

KITZ provides its customers with the widest range of valves ensuring the best product for each specific application.

It is our goal to provide you with the proper valve that guarantees the highest performance and safety standards at your facilities.

2 • 3



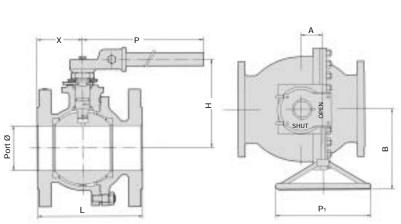
16"

F14A (F18A for 14" - 16")

Full and Regular Port, 2-piece body construction.

Standards: • Design: ASME B16.34 • Wall Thickness: ASME B16.34 • Flanges: ASME B16.5 • Test: API 598 • FSM: API 607 • Top Flange: ISO5211 Face to Face: ASME B16.10 (Short and Long pattern).





I	Gear Box							
	FULL PORT							
		Model				P ₁		
	4"-6"	RM.551	850/8266	2.8	11.1	12.8		
	8"	RM.882	1168/14,337	3.39	13.4	16.3		
	10"-12"	RM.1953	2142/36,816	5.12	14.4	20.3		
		I	REGULAR PORT					
		Model				P ₁		
ı	12" (150)	RM.882	1168/14,337	3.39	13.4	16.3		
	12" (300)	RM.1952	2142/36,816	5.12	13.4	20.3		
	14"-16"	RM.1953	2142/36,816	5.12	14.4	20.3		

	ASME 150 - ASME 300																		
	FULL PORT																		
					DIMENS	SIONS, inch	es			IS0 5211			ISO		Torque (1	(in-lhe)		/eight (Ib	s.)
VALVE SIZE	Port	0.41				(н				CV			A1:	50	A300	
SILL					A150	A300								Short	Long	Short			
1/2"	0.55	4.25	-	5.5	2.1	2.8	5.9	5.9	3.4	F03	18	44	71	3.3	-	4.6			
3/4"	0.75	4.6	-	6	2.2	3	5.9	5.9	3.5	FU3	40	53	71	4.6	-	7.3			
1"	1.00	5	-	6.5	2.3	3	5.9	5.9	4.1	F05	65	71	89	6.4	-	10.8			
1 1/2"	1.50	6.5	-	7.5	3.2	3.8	7.9	7.9	4.7	103	150	177	221	14.6		21.8			
2"	2.00	7	8	8.5	3	4.3	9.8	13.8	5	F07	260	221	310	24.7	29.3	32.0			
3"	3.00	8	9.5	11	3.5	5	9.8	13.8	5.8	107	980	531	797	46.3	56.9	65.1			
4"	4.00	9	12	12	4.5	6	19.7	19.7	7.7	F10	1600	1062	1549	83.8	94	117			
6"	5.98	10.5	15.5	15.9	5.2	7.9	29.5	39.4	8.8	110	4100	2213	3098	163	193	243			
8"	7.99	18	-	19.5	9	9.9	-	-	13.5(2)	F14	8850	4425	6638	386(2)	-	432(2)			
10"	10.00	21	-	22.4	10.5	11.2	-	-	16.5	F16	14700	12,390	14,160	562(2)	-	650(2)			
12"	12.0	24	-	25.5	12	12.8		-	17.3(2)		23200	17,700	-	679(2)	-	878(2)			
							R	EGULAR	PORT										
					DIMENS	SIONS, inch	es			IS0		Torque (1	(in-lhs)	VA.	eight (in	lhs)			
VALVE SIZE	Port				2	(F		١.,		CV .				- I	103.7			
— JILL		A1!		A300	A150	A300	A150	A300						A150		A300			
12"	9.5	14		19.75	7	9.88	-	-	14.88 (150) 15.39 (300)	F14	7500	9735	11,063	419(2)	706(2)			
14"	10.5	15		30	7.5	15	-	-	16.46	F16	10,000	13,275	15,930	5960	2)	883(2)			

17.6

F16

14,500 18,585

18,585

861(2)

1060(2)

16.5

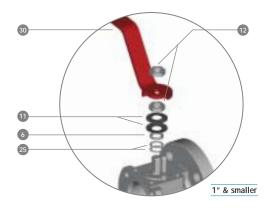


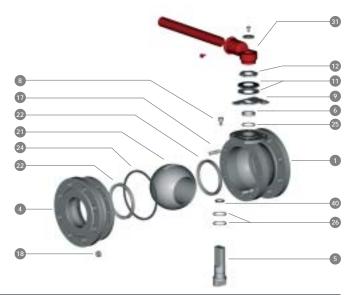
	ASME 600								
	FULL PORT								
VALVE SIZE	Port	L	DIMENSION X	NS, inches	Н	ISO 5211 Flange	Cv	Torque (in Ibs.) A600	Weight (lbs.)
1/2"	.55	6.5	3.2	5.9	3.4	F00	18	56	6.4
3/4"	.75	7.5	3.7	5.9	3.5	F03	40	86	9.3
1"	1.00	8.5	4.3	5.9	3.9	F05	65	133	13
1 1/2"	1.50	9.5	4	7.9	4.7	103	150	265	25.4
2"	2	11.5	4.6	13.8	5	F07	260	354	38.6
3"	3	14	5.4	13.8	5.8	107	980	1062	76.5
4"	4	17	8.5	19.7	7.7	F10	1600	2213(3)	151
				REC	GULAR PO	ORT			
VALVE SIZE	Port	L	DIMENSIOI X	NS, inches	Н	IS0 5211	Cv	Torque (in Ibs.) A600	Weight (Ibs.)
6"	4.38	22	11	39.4	10	F10	1020	2000(3)	243

⁽¹⁾ See page 30. (2) Gear Box included. (3) Values according to the pressure limitations of seats. See page 24-25. (4) 1/2" - 6": ASME B16.10 Short (5) 8" - 12": ASME B16.10 Long



STANDARD MATERIALS





		Body Group	
Item	Component	Code SS	Code CS
1	Body	ASTM A351 (CF8M)	ASTM A216 WCC*
			* WCC = WCB (0.25% C Max.)
4	Сар	ASTM A351 (CF8M)	ASTM A216 WCC*
			* WCC = WCB (0.25% C Max.)
17	Cap Bolt	ANSI 150:	ASTM A193 B7M + deltatone
18	Cap Nut	ASTM A194 GrB7M + deltatone	ASTM A193 2HM + deltatone
		ANSI 300:	
		A194 GrB7M + deltatone	
		ANSI 600:	
		ASTM A193/A194 B7M/2HM deltatone coat	
11	Belleville Washer	Stainless steel	Carbon Steel
12	Nut	Stainless steel	Carbon Steel
8	Stop Pin	Stainless steel	Stainless Steel
30-31	Handle	≤ 1": SS + Plastic	≤ 1": SS & Plastic
		> 1": Cast Iron	> 1": Cast Iron
9	Stop Plate	Steel nickel plated	Steel zinc plated

	Internal Group						
Item	Component	Code 316					
21	Ball	≤ 1": ASTM A479 316					
		≥ 1 1/2": ASTM A351 (CF8M)					
5	Stem	ASTM A479 316					
6	Gland Ring	ASTM A479 316					

	Seal Group								
Item	Component		Code FSM						
22	Seat	PTFE*	PTFE*						
24	Body Seal	≤ 1": PTFE	316L + Graphite						
		≥ 1 1/2": 316L + Flexite®							
25	Gland Packing	≤ 1": PTFE	Graphite						
		≥ 1 1/2": PTFE							
26	Stem Seal	PTFE	PTFE + C + Graphite						
40	Stem O-Ring	FPM (Viton [®])	FPM (Viton [®])						

Valve Finish: (CS) ≤ 6": phosphate and oil dipped. ≥ 8": base primer 40 μ m min. Operation: ≤ 6": lever. ≥ 8": gear box.



BF6K

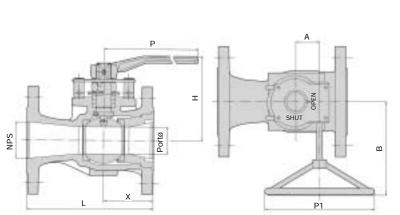
Regular Port, 1-piece body construction, end entry.

Standards: • Design: ASME B16.34 • Wall Thickness: ASME B16.34 • Flanges: ASME B16.5 • Test: API 598 • FSM: API 607 • Top Flange: ISO5211

• Face to Face: ASME B16.10.

CHLORINE SERVICE





	Gear Box							
VALVE SIZE	Rating	Model Input / Output (max.) (in-lbs)	A	В	P1			
6"-8"	A150	RM.551	2.8	11.1	12.8			
	A300	250 / 8266	2.0	11.1	12.0			
10"-12"		RM.882	3.39	13.4	16.3			
	A150	1168 / 14,337	3.37	10.4	10.5			
14"-16"	AISO	RM.1953	5.12	14.4	20.3			
		2142 / 36,816	5.12		20.3			
10"		RM.882	3.39	13.4	16.3			
		1168 / 14,337	3.37	13.4	10.5			
12"	A300	RM.1952						
	A300	2142 / 36,816	5.12	14.4	20.3			
14"-16"		RM.1953	0.12		20.5			
		2142 / 36,816						

	ASME 150 - ASME 300												
VALVE	Port		DIMENSIO	NS, inches	,	n	Н	ISO		Torque (1) (In-lbs.)		Weight (lbs.)	
SIZE	Port			A150	A300		П		CV			A150	A300
1/2"	0.39	4.25	5.51	2.89	2.05	5.52	4.06	F03	8	44	71	2.9	3.8
3/4"	0.49	4.61	5.98	1.89	2.24	5.52	4.17	F03	12	53	71	3.5	6.4
1"	0.67	5.00	6.50	2.17	2.44	6.30	4.57	F04	24	53	71	6.2	8.2
1 1/2"	1.18	6.50	7.48	2.28	2.56	6.30	5.24	F05	96	133	177	10.6	17.2
2"	1.5	7.01	8.50	2.76	3.54	9.06	4.69	F07	143	177	221	19.7	21.9
3"	2.28	7.99	11.14	2.95	3.86	15.75	6.18	F07	314	319	354	37.4	57.5
4"	3.00	9.02	12.01	3.35	3.94	15.75	6.77	F07	491	496	673	58.6	88.4
6"	4.49	10.51	15.87	4.72	5.43	29.53	10.24	F12	1105	1283	2036	111	177
8"	5.67	11.50	16.5	5.16	6.22	39.37	11.73	F14	1535	1770	2832	181.2	270
10"	7.36	12.99	17.99	6.46	7.44	59.06(4)	13.98(2)	F16	2740	2567	4160(3)	342.6(2)	586(2)

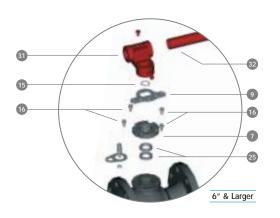
⁽¹⁾ See page 30.

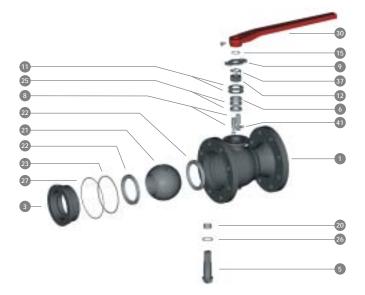
⁽²⁾ Gear Box included.
(3) Values according to the pressure limitations of seats. See page 24-25.

⁽⁴⁾ Gear Handwheel diameter



STANDARD MATERIALS





		Body Group	
Item	Component	Code SS	Code CS
1	Body	ASTM A351 CF8M	ASTM A216 WCB*
			*C = 0,25% max.
3	Insert	DN ≤ 2": ASTM A479 316	6" & Smaller ASTM A105N (C=0,25% max.)
		4" ≤ DN ≤ 6": ASTM A182 F316	8" & Larger ASTM A216 WCB (C=0,25% max.)
		8" ≤ DN ≤ 10": ASTM A351 CF8M	
7	Gland Flange	ASTM A351 CF8M	ASTM A351 CF8M
11	Washer	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
12	Nut	Stainless Steel	Carbon Steel
16	Gland Bolt	ASTM A193 B8M	ASTM A193 B8M
8	Stop Pin	ASTM A479 304	ASTM A479 304
30-31	Handle	1" & Smaller, SS / 11/2" & larger, ductile iron	1" & smaller CS
15	Snap Ring	Stainless Steel	Carbon Steel 1½" & larger dectile iron
32	Handle Bar	Steel	Steel
37	Stop-Washer	ASTM A479 304	ASTM A479 304
41	Key Lock Plate	ASTM A479 304	ASTM A479 304
9	Stop Plate	ASTM A479 304	ASTM A479 304

	Internal Group							
Item	Component		Chlorine Service*					
21	Ball	≤ 1 1/2": ASTM A479 316	Monel & Hastelloy C					
		≥ 1/2": ASTM A351 CF8M						
5	Antistatic Stem	ASTM A479 316	Monel & Hastelloy C					
6	Gland Ring	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 316					

	Seal Group							
Item	Component		Code FSM					
22	Seat	Hypatite ^{® **}	Hypatite [®] **					
23-27	Body Seal	PTFE	Item 23: PTFE					
			Item 27: Graphite					
25	Gland Packing	PTFE	Graphite					
26	Stem Seal	PTFE + 15%G.F.	PTFE + 15%G.F.					
20	Stem Bearing	PTFE + 15%G.F.	PTFE + 15%G.F.					

^{*} In accordance with Chlorine Institute recommendations.

^{**} For alternate materials please contact KCA.



F14M

Full and Regular Port, 2-piece body construction.

Standards: • Design: API 608 • Test: ASME B16.34 • FSM: API RP6F
• Top Flange: ISO 5211 • Flanges: ASME B16.5 • NPT thread: ASME B1.20.1 • SW: ASME B16.11 • Face to Face: ASME B16.10.





The resulting seat is quite different from any other type because of following characteristics:

- High temperature: Maximum working temperature = 1300°F.
- High robustness: Maximum specific working pressure = 30 kg/mm².
- Excellent resistance: Against wear and in erosional services.
- Low friction factor: 0.2 against ground surface hardened at 1500 HV.
- Long serivice life: 5000 operations before maintenance.
- Self adjusting features: Seats adapt automatically to ball.
- Quick maintenance: Because of easy seat interchangeability.

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- All our Metal Seated ball valves are bi-directional.
- Additionally, features such as a blow out proof stem, anti-static stem and fire safe design are inherent to our product configuration.
- Our valves are also bi-directional bubble tight guaranteed, thus going beyond the values specified by ASME B16.104 Class VI.
- Because of the self-lubricating feature of the solid metal seats, we provide the lowest operating torques in the market. This is especially useful when high pressures are applied. For the same reason, the jamming or friction between seat and ball surface is eliminated, even at high temperatures.



- Stem extensions for high temperature or cryogenic services.
- Trunnion mounted design, for high pressure.
- · Scrapers, used for cleaning ball surface, protecting seats from abrasion, removing dirt and avoiding the collection of solid matter between seat and ball.
- 3-way ball valves, 90° (L or T port) and 120° (L port).
- BW, NPT and SW connections.



				SEAT MATE	FRIALS
	Material	Hardness	Thickness (µm)	Max. temperature(1)	Applications
Standard	Ni-G* Nickel Matrix + Graphite	120 HB	N/A	1290'F / 842'F	Suitable for "clean" services, both liquid and gas. Max. pressure: 10,000 psig
Optional Mat	Cu-G* Copper Matrix + Graphite	100 HB	N/A	932'F / 842'F	Suitable for "clean" services, both liquid and gas. Low friction factor, both in dry gas & steam services. Compatible with: HTC, HTCN, HCR & ST6.
Optional Material (please consult KCA)	WC Tungsten Carbide	1100 HV	20	482'F / 482'F	See BALL table. Compatible with: WC. Max. pressure: 1450 psig (\leq 2"), 580 psig (\geq 3'").
consult KCA)	ST6 Stellite 6	1000 HV	20	482'F / 482'F	See BALL table. Compatible with: WC & CRC. Max. pressure: 1450 psig (< 3"), 580 psig (≥ 3").



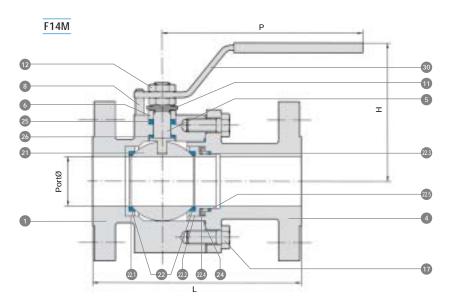
				BALL COA	TINGS
	Material	Hardness		Max. temperature(1)	<i>Applications</i>
Standard	HTC Titanium Nitride	3200 HV	2-4	1175 ⁻ F / 482 ⁻ F	Suitable for "clean" services, both liquid and gas. For gas or steam services, up to 356'F.
0	HTCN Carbo-Titanium Nitride	4500 HV	2-4	1454 ⁻ F / 662 ⁻ F	Suitable for liquid or gas services with small presence of solids. For gas or steam services, up to 482°F.
)ptional Mate	HCR Chrome Nitride	3000 HV	6-8	1600'F / 1200'F	Suitable for "clean" services, both liquid and gas. Best on oxidizing media.
Optional Material (please consult KCA)	WC Tungsten Carbide	1100 HV	20	842'F / 842'F	Suitable for liquid or gas services with high presence of solids. Not recommended in the presence of caustic soda.
consult KCA)	CRC Chrome Carbide	800 HV	20	1292'F / 1200'F	Suitable for liquid or gas services with small presence of solids. Not recommended in the presence of caustic soda.
	ST6 Stellite 6	1000 HV	20	1112 ⁻ F / 662 ⁻ F	Suitable for liquid or gas services with small presence of solids. Best on dry gas services or steam.



^{*}Graphite will not leach into process stream.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(1)}}$ Shown values are applicable to "Non-Oxidizing Media".



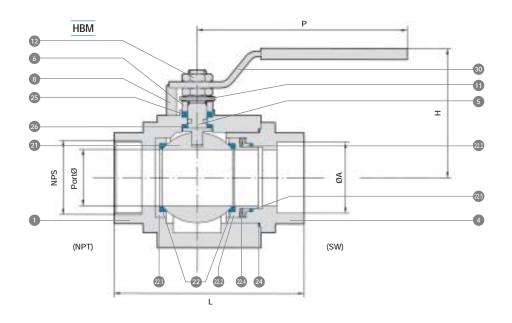


	F14M														
				Din	nensions, inc	hes							Weinte		
VALVE	Port				P H			1	IS0 5211		Torque (1) (in-lbs.)				
SIZE		A150	A300	A600	A150	A600			A600 Flange						
				7,000	A300	7.555	A300			A150	A300	A600		A600	
1/2"	0.55	4.25	5.5	6.5	5.7	5.7	2.5	2.8	F03	88.5	133	177	6.6	15.4	
3/4"	0.75	4.6	6	7.5	5.7	5.7	2.6	3	F03	88.5	133	177	8.8	18.7	
1"	1.00	5	6.5	8.5	7.1	10.8	3.4	4	F03	142	204	319	13.2	22.1	
1 1/4"	1.14	5.5	7.1		3.5		3.5		F03	195	310		17.6		
1 1/2"	1.50	6.5	7.5	9.5	10.8	15	4.7	5.3	F05	310	478	885	30	41	
2"	2.00	7	8.5	11.5	10.8	15	5	5.8	F05	708	1089	1991	42	55	
3"	3	8	11	14	15	17.3	5.7	7.3	F07	1593	1593 2921 5045		88	110	
4"	4	9	12		17.3		7.9		F10	452 6726			139		
6"	5.98	15.5	15.9		31.5		10.9		F14	9293	20,355		232		

⁽¹⁾See page 30. Applicable to Full Bore model. Please ask KCA for Regular Bore model. Consult KCA for higher pressure classes & larger size valves.

Item	Component	Code SS	Code CS
	В	ody Group	
1	Body	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A105
4	Body Cap	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A105
8	Stop Pin	SS	SS
11	Belleville Washer	CS	CS
12	Nut	CS	SS
17	Bolt	ASTM A193 B8	ASTM A193 B7
22.1	Body Seat-holder	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 316
22.2	B.C. Seat-holder	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 316
22.3	Compression Ring	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 316
22.4	Seat Spring	SS	SS
30	Handle	Steel	Steel
	Int	ernal Group	
21	Ball	ASTM A479 316 + HTC	ASTM A479 316 + HTC
5	Stem	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 420
6	Gland Ring	Steel	Steel
	5	Seal Group	
22	Seat	Ni + G	Ni + G
22.5	Seat Seal	Graphite	Graphite
24	Body Seal	Graphite	Graphite
25	Gland Packing	Graphite	Graphite
26	Stem Seal	Graphite	Graphite





					HBM							
				Dimensions, Inches								
VALVE SIZE			L		. Р					Torque (1) (in-lbs.)		Weight (lbs.)
		NPT	NPT SW			ØA		725 psi	1450 psi	2000 psi		
1/2"	0.5	3.15	2.76	2.76	1.77	.86	F03	134	177	212	2.7	
3/4"	0.75	3.54	3.35	5.71	9.95	1.07	F03	168	212	257	3.3	
1"	1	4.33	4.13	10.83	3.27	1.34	F05	204	319	460	5.5	
1 1/2"	1.5	5.12	4.92	14.96	4.84	1.89	F07	478	885	1363	11.7	
2"	2.0	5.12	5.51	14.96	5.28	2.41	F07	1089	1991	2478	17.7	

⁽¹⁾See page 30.

Item	Component	Code SS	Code CS
		Body Group	
1	Body	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A105
4	Body Connector	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A105
8	Stop Pin	SS	SS
11	Washer	CS	CS
12	Nut	CS	CS
22.1	Body Seat-holder	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 316
22.2	B.C. Seat-holder	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 316
22.3	Compression Ring	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 316
22.4	Seat Spring	SS	SS
30	Handle	Steel	Steel
		Internal Group	
21	Ball	ASTM A479 316 + HTC	ASTM A479 316 + HTC
5	Stem	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 420
6	Gland Ring	Steel	Steel
		Seal Group	
22	Seat	Ni + G	Ni + G
22.5	Seat Seal	Graphite	Graphite
24	Body Seal	Graphite	Graphite
25	Gland Packing	Graphite	Graphite
26	Stem Seal	Graphite	Graphite

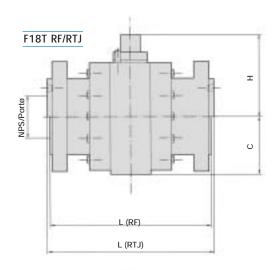


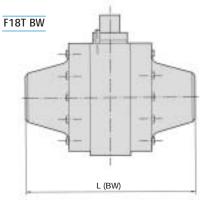
F18T

Full and Regular Port, Trunnion Mounted, 3-piece body construction.

Standards: • Design: API 6D, ASME B16.34, ASME VIII 1&2 •
FSM: API 607, API 6 FA • Flanges: ASME B16.5 • BW: ASME B16.25
• Face to Face: API 6D, ASME B16.10.







ASME 150 - FB												
VALVE SIZE	Port	Dimensions,		inche:	S H	Weight (lbs.)		Torque (1) (in-lbs.)				
0.22						H.	RF/RTJ	BW	290 psig			
1"	1	5	5.5	4.7	2	2.6	1.5	7.9	177			
2"	2	7	7.5	7.1	3.2	4.1	28.7	19.9	443			
3"	3	8	8.5	8.3	3.9	4.8	51	33	708			
4"	4	9	9.5	9.5	5	6.2	86	69	974			
6"	6	15.5	16	12.6	6.9	7.8	252	228	1593			
8"	8	18	18.5	15.4	8.5	10.1	422	385	2124			
10"	10	21	21.5	18.5	10	12.5	681	581	3629			
12"	12	24	24.5	22.4	12	14.6	1039	908	7169			

Standard operation												
VALVE SIZE	A150	A300	A600	A900	A1500	A2500						
1"												
2"												
2"-1"												
3"												
3"-2"												
4"												
4"-3"												
6"												
6"-4"												
8"												
8"-6"												
10"												
10"-8"												
12"												
12"-10"												
14"-12"												
16"-12"												
	U	sing Hand	le.	Using (Gear Box.							

Note: for Class ASME 2500, consult KCA.

	ASME 150 - RB												
VALVE		Dimensions, inches						ight	Torque (1)				
SIZE	Port						(Ib	s.)					
							RF/RTJ	BW					
2"-1"	1	7	7.5	6.7	2	2.6	28.7	17.7	177				
3"-2"	2	8	8.5	8.3	3.2	4.1	42	26.5	443				
4"-3"	3	9	9.5	10.2	3.9	4.8	69	42	708				
6"-4"	4	15.5	16	12.2	5	6.2	139	84	974				
8"-6"	6	18	18.5	15	6.9	7.8	267	195	1593				
10"-8"	8	21	21.5	18.1	8.5	10.1	559	493	2124				
12"-10"	10	24	24.5	21.3	10	12.5	749	661	3629				
14"-12"	12	27	27.5	22.4	12	14.6	858	721	7169				
16"-12"	12	30	30.5	22.6	12	14.6	968	787	7169				



	ASME 300 - FB												
VALVE	Port		Dimen L	sions,	inche	5	We (Ib	ight s.)	Torque(1) (in-lbs.)				
SIZE	FUIL						DE/DTI DW		725 psig				
							RF/RTJ	BW					
1"	1	6.5	7	4.7	2	2.6	14.4	8.8	266				
2"	2	8.5	9.1	7.1	3.2	4.1	35.4	20	531				
3"	3	11.1	11.7	8.3	3.9	4.8	71	34.3	797				
4"	4	12	12.6	9.5	5	6.2	119	71	1239				
6"	6	15.9	16.5	12.6	6.9	7.8	301	232	2567				
8"	8	19.8	20.4	15.4	8.5	10.1	535	400	3806				
10"	10	22.4	23	18.5	10	12.5	816	595	6018				
12"	12	25.5	26.1	22.4	12	14.6	1300	1112	12,921				

ASME 600 - FB													
			Dimen	sions,	inches	5	Weight (lbs.)		Torque(1)				
	Port								(in-lbs.) 1450 psig				
							RF/RTJ	BW	. 100 ps.g				
1"	1	8.5	8.5	4.7	2	2.6	18.8	11.1	443				
2"	2	11.5	11.6	7.1	3.2	4.1	62	37.6	708				
3"	3	14	14.1	8.7	4.2	5.4	117	71	1505				
4"	4	17	17.1	11.4	5.2	6.4	228	157	2478				
6"	6	22	22.1	12.6	7.1	8.7	482	385	6018				
8"	8	26	26.1	16.5	8.9	11.4	804	506	12,302				
10"	10	31	31.1	19.2	10.9	15	1456	880	16,992				
12"	12	33	33.1	23.2	12.9	17.5	2095	1313	32,657				

	ASME 900 - FB												
VALVE			Dimen	sions,	inches	5	We	Torque(1)					
VALVE SIZE	Port						(lbs.)		(in-lbs.)				
		RF					RF/RTJ	BW	2715 psig				
1"	1	10	10	6.7	2.8	2.9	31	18.8	531				
2"	2	14.5	14.6	8.3	3.6	4.5	91	399	974				
3"	3	15	15.2	9.5	4.3	5.8		75	2124				
4"	4	18	18.1	11.8	5.8	7.6	139	161	3629				
6"	6	24	24.1	13.8	7.9	9.5	577	389	9204				
8"	8	29	29.1	16.5	8.9	11.4	926	513	17,966				
10"	10	33	33.1	19.2	10.9	15	1582	891	25,842				
12"	12	38	381	23.2	12.9	17.5	3090	1328	-				

	ASME 1500 - FB											
VALVE	Dimensions, inches				We	Torque(1)						
SIZE	Port						(lb	s.)	(in-lbs.)			
		RF	RTJ				RF/RTJ	BW	3625 psig			
1"	1	10	10	6.7	2.8	2.9	35.4	18.8	708			
2"	2	14.5	14.6	8.4	3.6	4.8	86	39.9	1416			
3"	3	18.5	18.6	9.8	4.3	5.8	181	73	3629			
4"	4	21.5	21.6	11.9	5.8	7.6	351	157	6903			
6"	6	27.8	28	14.1	7.9	9.5	667	378	15,222			
8"	8	32.8	33.1	16	10.2	13.7	1401	800	30,887			
10"	10	39	39.4	19.4	13.4	16.5	2493	1719	41,720			
12"	12	44.5	45	20.9	15.3	19	4411	3068				

⁽¹⁾ See page 28.

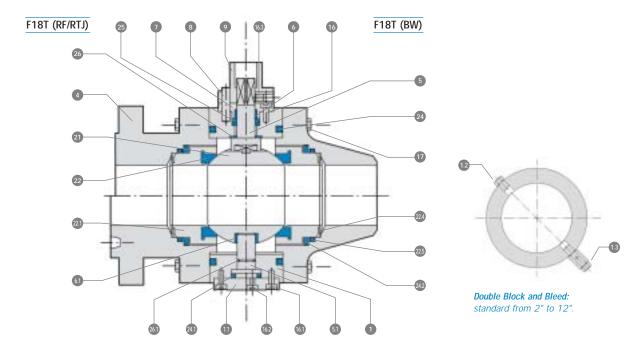
	ASME 300 - RB											
VALVE SIZE	Port		Dimen L	sions,			<i>We</i> (Ib	ight s.)	Torque(1) (in-lbs.)			
JILL		RF					RF/RTJ	BW				
2"-1"	1	8.5	9.1	6.7	2	2.6	31	17.7	266			
3"-2"	2	11.1	11.7	8.3	3.2	4.1	53	26.5	531			
4"⋅3"	3	12	12.5	10.4	3.9	4.8	82	42	797			
6"-4"	4	15.9	16.5	12.2	5	6.2	179	84	1239			
8"-6"	6	19.8	20.4	15	6.9	7.8	334	195	2567			
10"-8"	8	22.4	23	18.1	8.5	10.1	654	493	3806			
12"-10"	10	25.5	26.1	21.3	10	12.6	1012	661	6018			
14"-12"	12	30	30.6	22.4	12	14.6	1196	721	12,921			
16"-12"	12	33	33.6	23.6	12	14.6	1317	787	12,921			

	ASME 600 - RB											
VALVE				sions,	inches	;	We (Ib	ight	Torque(1)			
SIZE	Port											
							RF/RTJ	BW	1450 psig			
2"-1"	1	11.5	11.6	6.7	2	2.6	39.9	17.7	443			
3"-2"	2	14	14.1	8.3	3.2	4.1	82	42	708			
4"-3"	3	17	17.1	10.2	4.2	5.4	161	84	1505			
6"-4"	4	22	22.1	13	5.2	6.4	334	164	2478			
8"-6"	6	2.6	26.1	15	7.1	8.7	572	307	6018			
10"-8"	8	31	31.1	18.9	8.9	11.4		566	12,302			
12"-10"	10	33	33.1	21.7	10.9	15	1034	858	16,992			
14"-12"	12	35	35.1	23.3	12.9	17.5	2312	1353	32,657			
16"-12"	12	39	39.1	24.9	12.9	17.5	2601	1521	32,567			

	ASME 900 - RB										
	Dimensions, inches							Weight			
VALUE SIZE	Port						(Ib	s.)	Torque(1) (in-lbs.)		
							RF/RTJ	BW	2715 psig		
2"-1"	1	14.5	14.6	8.3	2.8	2.9	66	21	531		
3"-2"	2	15.1	5.1	8.3	3.6	4.5	113	42	974		
4"-3"	3	18	18.1	9.5	4.3	5.8	188	84	2124		
6"-4"	4	24	24.1	11.8	5.8	7.6	396	166	3629		
8"-6"	6	29	29.1	13.8	7.9	9.5	732	312	9204		
10"-8"	8	33	33.1	18.9	8.9	11.4	1328	572	17,966		
12"-10"	10	38	38.1	21.7	10.9	15	2133	820	25,842		
14"-12"	12	40.5	40.9	23.3	12.9	17.5	2274	1032			
16"-12"	12	44.5	44.9	24.9	12.9	17.5	2497	1273			

	ASME 1500 - RB											
VALVE			Dimen	sions,	inches	;		ight	Torque(1)			
VALVE SIZE	Port						(lb	s.)				
		RF					RF/RTJ	BW				
2"-1"	1	14.5	14.6	9.1	2.8	2.9	64	21	708			
3"-2"	2	18.5	18.6	9.8	3.6	4.8	139	42	1416			
4"-3"	3	21.5	21.6	11.9	4.3	5.8	267	84	3629			
6"-4"	4	27.8	28	14.1	5.8	7.6	513	161	6903			
8"-6"	6	32.8	33.1	16.1	7.9	9.5	1037	323	15,222			
10"-8"	8	39	39.4	20.5	10.2	13.7	1960	1107	30,887			
12"-10"	10	44.5	45.1	22.8	13.4	16.5	2420	1512	41,772			
14"-12"	12	49.5	50.2	24.4	15.3	19	2855	1684				
16"-12"	12	54.5	55.4	26	15.3	19	3224	2071				





	Body Group										
Item	Component	Code SS	Code CS								
1	Body	ASTM A 182 316L	ASTM A350 LF2								
1.1	Bottom Flange	ASTM A 182 316	ASTM A105								
1.2	Body Plug	Steel	Steel								
1.3	Decompression Plug	Steel	Steel								
4	Body Connector	ASTM A 182 316L	ASTM A350 LF2								
7	Gland Flange	ASTM A 182 316	ASTM A105								
8	Stop Pin	Steel	Steel								
9	Stop Plate	ASTM A 182 316	ASTM A105								
16	Gland Bolt	ATSM A 193 B7 Zinc Plated	ATSM A 193 B7 Zinc Plated								
16.1	Bottom Flange Bolt	ATSM A 193 B7 Zinc Plated	ATSM A 193 B7 Zinc Plated								
16.2	Trunnion Stem Bolt	ATSM A 193 B7 Zinc Plated	ATSM A 193 B7 Zinc Plated								
16.3	Pin Stop	ATSM A 193 B7 Zinc Plated	ATSM A 193 B7 Zinc Plated								
17	Bolt	ASTM A193 Gr. B7M	ASTM A320 Gr. L7 Bi-chrome								
22.1	Seat-holder	ASTM A 182 316L	ASTM A182 F6a								
22.4	Seat Spring	Inconel® X-750	17-4 PH								

	Internal Group									
Item	Componente / Component	Code SS	Code CS							
21	Ball	ASTM A 182 316L	ASTM A182 F6a							
5	Master Stem	ASTM A 182 316L	ASTM A182 F6a							
5.1	Trunnion Stem	ASTM A 182 316L	ASTM A182 F6a							
6	Gland Ring	Stainless Steel + PTFE	Stainless Steel + PTFE							
6.1	Bottom Ring	Stainless Steel + PTFE	Stainless Steel + PTFE							

	Seal Group									
Item	Component		Code FSM							
22	Seat	PTFE	PTFE							
22.5	Seat O-ring Seal	NBR (Nitrile)	FPM (Viton®)							
24	Body Seal	NBR (Nitrile)	Graphite							
24.1	Bottom Flange Seal	NBR (Nitrile)	Graphite							
24.2	FSM Seal	N/A	Graphite							
25	Gland Packing	Graphite	Graphite							
26	Stem Seal	Stainless Steel + PTFE	Stainless Steel + PTFE							
26.1	Trunnion Stem O-ring Seal	NBR (Nitrile)	FPM (Viton [®])							



CONFIGURATION

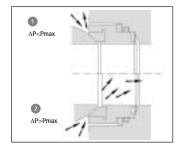
The F18T is based on the principle of assembling three screwed pieces, this provides the advantage of allowing full disassembly on the spot. The master stem is blowout proof, while the trunnion stem insures a perfect axial alignment at any working pressure. Further, the electrical conductivity between ball, stem and body is guaranteed.

BI-DIRECTIONAL SHUT-OFF

The F18T can be operated in any flow direction and can be simultaneously pressurized from both sides. When the differential pressure is low, the shut-off of the seats is obtained through the stainless steel or alloy pre-stretched springs. When the differential pressure is high, the "upstream" seat is gradually pushed against the ball and made to maintain a full shut-off.

PRESSURE RELIEF IN THE BODY CAVITY THROUGH THE SEATS

When pressure in the body's cavity goes up, it can be automatically relieved by separating the seat from the ball. The relief of the overpressurization makes it thereby possible to balance the valve hydraulically. This will happen whenever the cavity's pressure overcomes the pre-stretching of the springs, and in the direction in which the ΔP is greater.



FULL SELF-LUBRICATION

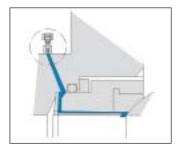
Metal PTFE-covered rings and washers are used in order to sustain the radial effort exerted on the master and trunnion stems. When it comes to seats and seals, the materials that are used are low-friction. All this makes it unnecessary for any additional lubrication when the valve is in operation.

OPERATING TORQUE

In the design of the F18T valve, special care has been given to the components related to the valve's operation torque, such as the seat springs, friction washers, self-lubricated rings, ball, stem, and trunnion. The result of this are low operation torques, even after a long period of inactivity.

SECONDARY SEALANT INJECTION

If required by the customer we can supply a lubricant injection device. In certain cases the seat's surface may be damaged or the seat may be subject to excessive wear. For such situations the injection of a sealant into the seat may temporarily restore its shut-off.





НВ

Full or Regular Port, 1-piece body construction.

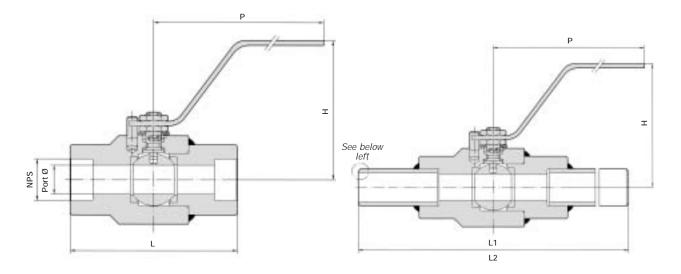
Standards: • Design: BS5351 • Test: BS6755 P1.

Connections: • NPT thread: ASME B1.20.1 • SW: ASME B16.11

• BW: SW + Nipples Sch 40-80 (ASME B16.25).

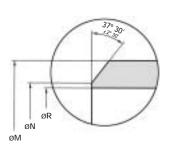
CHLORINE SERVICE





	Class 800																
VAI				Dimensions							- Cv					Weight	
SI		Port														(lbs.)	
RB										RB				2030psi	(L)	(L ₁)	(L2)
-	1/4"		2.15			2.10			0.56							2.4	2.7
-	3/8"	0.49	3.15			2.10		-	0.70	-	53	71	80	89	2.2	2.7	3.1
3/4"	1/2"		3.54	9.45		3.35	5.9	1.08	0.86	31						2.9	3.5
1"	3/4"	0.75	4.33		15.75	3.54		1.34	1.08	88	150	89	106	133	3.5	4.2	4.9
-	1"	1.00	4.72		15.75	3.94		-	1.34	-	220	133	177	177	5.3	6.2	7.1
1 1/2"	-	1.26	5.12			4.13	7.87	1.93		242		177	221	-	7.5	8.4	9.5
2"	1 1/2"	1.50	5.91	10.24		4.33	7.07	2.40	1.93	396	528	221	310	-	12.4	13.7	15.0
-	2"	2.0	7.10			4.57	13.78	-	2.40	-	1101	310	442	-	19.5	22.1	24.8

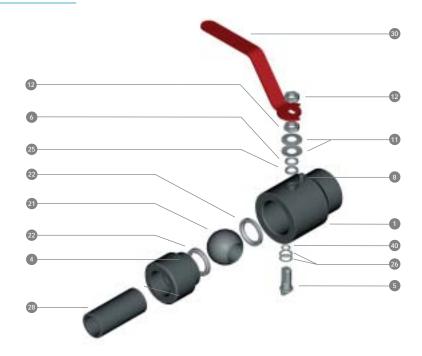
⁽¹⁾ See page 30.



	Execution BW = SW + Nipple											
VALVE	ØM	Sch	10S	Sch	40S	Sch	80	Sch 160				
SIZE	ØIVI			ØN	ØR			ØN	ØR			
1/2"	0.84	-	0.67	-	0.62	-	0.55	.59	0.46			
3/4"	1.05	-	0.89	-	0.83	-	0.74	0.74	0.61			
1"	1.31	1.22	1.10	1.17	1.05	1.08	0.96	0.94	0.81			
1 1/2"	1.90	1.81	1.69	1.74	1.61	1.63	1.50	1.46	1.34			
2"	2.37	2.28	2.16	2.19	2.07	2.06	1.94	1.81	1.69			
Code	e SS	Spe	cial	Stan	tandard							
Code	e CS					Standard		Special				



STANDARD MATERIALS

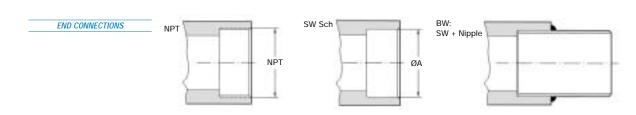


	Body Group									
Item	Componente / Component	Code CS								
1	Body	ASTM A479 316L	ASTM A105							
4	Body Connector	ASTM A479 316L	ASTM A105							
28	Nipple	ASTM A312 (Type 316L)	ASTM A106 Gr. B							
8	Stop Pin	Stainless Steel	Steel							
9	Stop Plate (> 1")	Steel	Steel							
11	Washer	Stainless Steel	Carbon Steel							
12	Nut	Stainless Steel	Carbon Steel							
30	Wrench	≤ 1": Coated Steel	≤ 1": Coated Steel							
		≥ 1 1/2": Cast Iron	≥ 1 1/2": Cast Iron							

	Internal Group									
Item	Component	Chlorine Service*								
21	Ball	≤ 1": ASTM A479 316	Monel & Hastelloy C							
5	Antistatic Stem	ASTM A479 316	Monel & Hastelloy C							
6	Gland Ring	ASTM A479 316	ASTM A479 316							

	Seal Group									
Item	Component		Code FSM							
22	Seat	PTFE	PTFE							
25	Gland Packing	PTFE	Graphite							
26	Stem Seal	≤ 1": PTFE + 25% Graphite	≤ 1": PTFE + 25% Graphite							
		> 1": PTFE	> 1": PTFE							
40	Stem O-Ring	FPM (Viton®)	FPM (Viton®)							

^{*}In accordance with Chlorine Institute recommendations.













Miscellaneous

With breadth of product and a wide array of options and accessories, KITZ can assure its users that they will get the proper valve for their applications. Whether it be alternate seating materials such as Peek, UHMWPE or filled teflon; alternate body materials such as Alloy 20, Hastelloy, Monel or Duplex; double stuffing boxes; steam jackets or extensions, KITZ Iso brand valves solve problems.

(Please note that the material options and accessories presented in this brochure apply specifically to the Iso Brand series of valves. Contact your Regional Manager or Customer Service Representative for assistance with KITZ TAM and TBZM Series valves.)



Fig. F14A Pg. 4-6

Flanged ends, full and regular port.

Ma	iterial	Length	Rating	VALVE SIZE										
IVIA	iteriai	Length	Rating	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1 1/2"	2"	3"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"
			ASME150											
		Short	ASME300											
	SS		ASME600											
		Long	ASME150											
			ASME150											
		Short	ASME300											
(CS		ASME600											
		Long	ASME150											

Consult KCA for regular port configuration.

Fig. BF6K Pg. 7-8

Flanged ends, regular port.

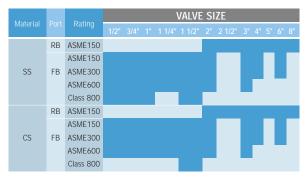
Material	Clase		VALVE SIZE											
Material	Rating	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1 1/2"	2"	3"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"	14"	16"
SS	ASME150													
	ASME300													
CS	ASME150													
	ASME300													

Note 1: Figure F14A, used for A150 (12") & A300 (12").

Note 2: Figure F18A, used for A150/300 (14" & 16").

Fig. F14M Pg. 9-13 (Fig. HBM Class 800)

Flanged, threaded or welded ends, full or regular port, metal seats.



Please consult KCA for other sizes and ratings.

Fig. F18T Pg. 14-17

Flanged or welded ends, full or regular port, trunnion mounted.

Makadal	Daklass	Davis				V	ALVI	E SI	ZE			
Material	Rating	Bore	1"	2"	3"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"	14"	16"
	ASME150	FB										
		RB										
SS	ASME300	FB										
		RB										
	ASME600	FB										
&		RB										
	ASME900	FB										
		RB										
CS	ASME1500	FB										
		RB										
	ASME2500	FB										
		RB										

Fig. HB. Pg. 18-19

Threaded or welded ends, Class 800, full or regular port.

Material	Bore	NPS								
ivialeriai	Боге									
SS	FB									
	RB									
CS	FB									
	RB									



STEAM JACKET

KCE manufactures **Stainless Steel** Steam Jackets, with screwed or flanged ends. They have been designed to be adapted to Carbon Steel or Stainless Steel valves. The **water-tightness** of the jacket is hydraulically checked at a 145 psig pressure minimum. The **water-tightness** of the valve is verified - according to the Standard - before and after the jacket is welded.



SILICON-FREE VALVES DEGREASED VALVES

In processes such as paints or O₂ Services, valves are often provided with a "special cleaning" feature. KCE offers two solutions: Degreased valves for O₂ Service and Silicon-Free valves for other applications. Both processes are covered by KCE's Engineering Procedures and are approved by end user customers, the aim being to prevent the presence of greases and silicones that can foul the process. For this purpose the product is specially treated in "clean areas", where special attention is given to their components, handling, testing, drying and verification. Finally, the product is labeled, packed in a water-tight bag and individually identified.



OVAL HAND WHEEL

Following safety criteria, it is common practice to fit valves up to 1" with oval hand wheels. This system, because of its design, prevents unintentional operations, that might result in accidents.

"T"-STEM EXTENSION. (Ex/S)

It enables the easy operation of valves in a application where **piping is isolated** or have a **difficult access**. KCE manufactures these extensions - fully in SS- with a standard length of 4" (100 mm) or, under request, with 2" (50-mm) or 6" (150-mm) lengths.



LOW TEMPERATURE EXTENSIONS. (Ex/B & Ex/Cry)

As a general rule, in applications with temperatures below 32°F down to -40°F, it is not necessary to use low temperature extensions; what is used most is the Ex/S extension. From -40°F the extensions used is the Ex/B (-40°F down to -112°F) and Ex/Cry (-112°F down to -320°F) separating the **packing area** from the "cold" area. The length varies depending on temperature and the valve size, ranging between 4" (100mm) and 20" (500 mm). The extension's material is at least the same quality as the body and the mounting flange complies with ISO 5211.





SPECIAL MATERIALS

In some instances, process fluid and working conditions require an additional resistance which conventional materials can not provide. To this end, KCE offers a wide range of materials such as Duplex, Superduplex, Monel, Alloy 20, Hastelloy C, LCC, CF3M (316L) and CF8. Please consult KCA for a complete range of materials.



LOCKING DEVICE

Out of safety, concerns the requirement may be made to only allow authorized personnel to operate the valves. For this reason all Iso Brand ball valves are supplied with a locking plate.



DOUBLE STUFFING BOX

In some types of highly polluting or toxically dangerous fluids, **zero external emissions** is required. KCE provides this using a "Double Packing" solution. This system is made up of two sealing independent groups, with an intermediate leak detector. KCE's "Double Packing" has been approved by our most demanding end customers and tested for correct operation in **up to 433,000 cycles**.



SPRING RETURN HANDLES

With regard to safety, manual fail safe units prevent valve from being left open or closed. Release of lever returns valve to set position.





Pressure – Temperature (P – T) ratings:

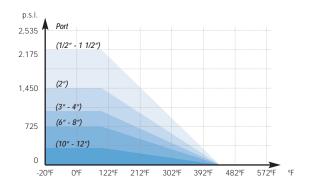
The P-T operating ratings in soft-seated floating ball valves are not only determined by the resistance of the Valve Body, but also by the limitations of their Seals and Seats. It is difficult to pinpoint the accurate P-T limit because of the boundless number of combinations between fluids and conditions. This is why the values that are shown below are an approximation and based on our own past experience.

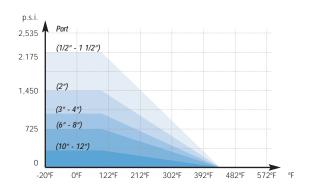


Virgin PTFE: Inert to most media, low friction coefficient, subject to temperature limitations. Good performance in gas applications.



PTFE + Graphite (20% C + 5% Graph): Inert to most media. Higher P-T range than virgin PTFE. Used in steam and thermal oil applications.







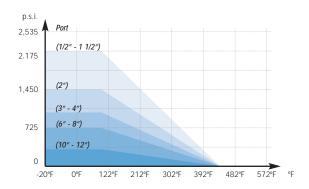
PTFE + Glass Fiber (15% G.F.): Good resistance to wear and deformation under load. Longer service life and higher pressure resistance than virgin PTFE. Suitable for foodstuffs, pharmaceutical and cosmetic

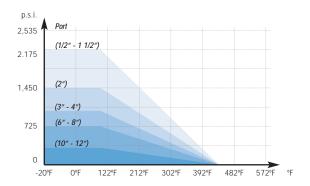
industry applications.



PTFE + Glass Fiber (25% G.F.): Good resistance to wear and deformation under load. Longer service life and higher pressure resistance than PTFE + 15% G.F. Suitable for foodstuffs, pharmaceutical and cosmetic

industry applications.





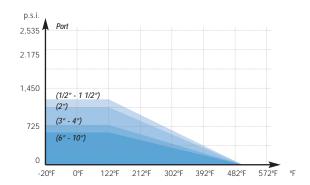


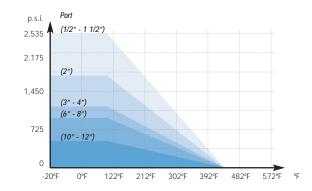


HYPATITE (PTFE + PFA + compound): Good resistance to wear and under load. Higher chemical resistance than virgin PTFE.



PTFE + 50% SS (Stainless Steel): Good pressure resistance. Used for abrasive fluids or hard particles transportation.



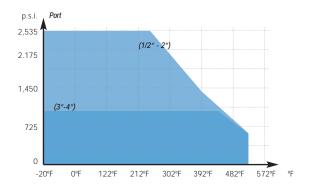


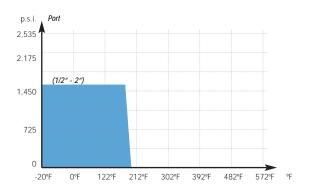


PEEK (Poly-ether-ether-ketone): Suitable for tobacco, nuclear services and high temperatures at high pressure. High friction. Not recommended for concentrated Sulphuric Acid.



UHMWPE (Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene): Good for nuclear, tobacco, food industry, H₂SO₄, etc. Low friction coefficient.

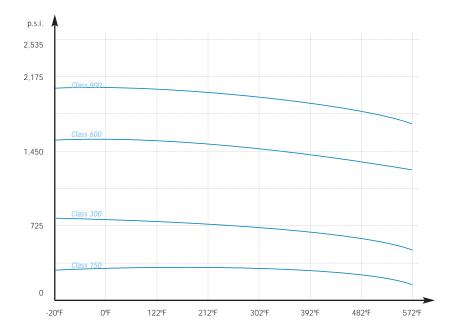




Note: Other sealing materials, like TFM 1600, Polypropylene, PEEK+Graphite, FEP+Silicone, Fluoraz, Kalrez, Chemraz, etc, are available upon request.

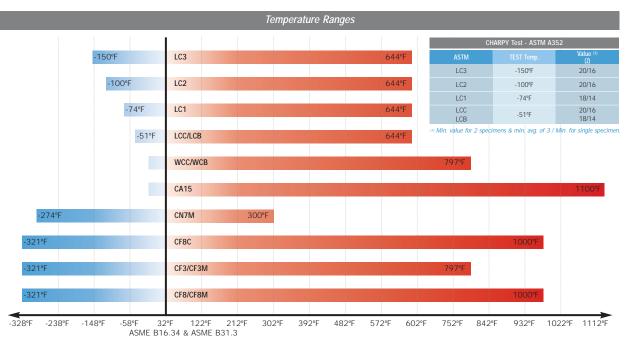
	0-Ring Materials									
Timo	ACTM Designation	Tempe	erature							
Туре	ASTM Designation	Standard	Low Temp.							
Viton*	FPM/FKM Fluorocarbon Rubber	-13 °F / +446 °F	-40 °F / 446 °F							
Nitrile	NBR Nitrile Butadine Rubber	-13 °F / +284 °F	-67 °F / +230 °F							







Material Specifications									
Material	Group	Desi	gnation						
ivialerial	Group	ASTM	Туре						
2.11	Grey Cast Iron	A126 B	GG25						
Cast Iron	Nodular Cast Iron	A536 65-45-12	GGG40						
	Carbon Steel	A216 WCB	A105						
	Carbon Steel	A216 WCC							
		A352 LCB							
	Carban & Law Allay Staal	A352 LCC	LF2						
	Carbon & Low Alloy Steel. Low temperature	A352 LC1							
	Eow temperature	A352 LC2							
		A352 LC3	LF3						
Steel Casting	Martensitic Stainless Steel. High Temperature	A217 CA15	410 / 420						
		A351 CF3	304L						
		A351 CF3M	316L						
		A351 CF8	304						
		A351 CF8M	316						
	Austenitic & Duplex Steel	A351 CF8C	304+Nb (Ti)						
	,	A351 CN7M	Alloy 20, UNS N08020						
		A351 D-4 MCu	Duplex, UNS S31803						
		A351 CF10-MC							
			Superduplex, UNS S32760						
		A494 N-12MV	Hastelloy B						
		A494 CW12MW	Hastelloy C, UNS N06455						
Nickel Casting	Nickel Alloy	A494 M-35-2	Monel, UNS N04400						
		B166	Inconel 600, UNS N06600						
	Carbon Steel	A105	WCB						
		A182 F6a							
		A182 F304	CF8						
		A182 F304L	CF3						
		A182 F316	CF8M						
	Stainless Steel	A182 F316L	CF3M						
Forged Steel	Janness Steel	A182 F321	OI SIVI						
		AISI 904L	UNS N08904						
		A182 316 Ti							
		A350 LF1							
	Carbon & Low Alloy Steel.	A350 LF2	LCC						
	Low Temperature	A350 LF3	LC3						
		ASSU EFS	LUS						





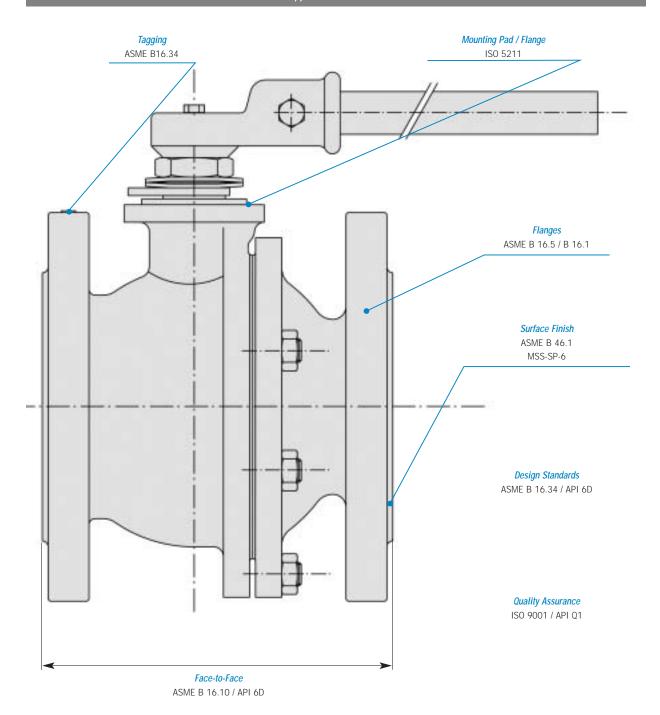
						Ma	terial Pro	perties						
	Chemical Properties										Mechanical Properties			
Material Type		%Si max.		%P max.		%Cr		%Mo		Tensile strength (N/mm²)		Elongation (%)		
CF8M	0.08	1.50	1.50	0.04	0.04	18-21	9-12	2-3		0.07	0.03	30		
316	0.08	1.00	2.00	0.045	0.03	16-18	10-14	2-3	N≤1%	0.07	0.03	30		
CF8	0.08	2.00	1.5	0.04	0.04	18-21	8-11	0.5max.		0.07	0.03	35		
304	0.08	1.00	2.00	0.045	0.03	18-20	8-11		N≤1%	0.07	0.03	30		
CF8C	0.08	2.00	1.50	0.04	0.04	18-21	9-12	0.5max.	8•%C≤Nb≤1%	0.07	0.03	30		
CF3	0.03	2.00	1.5	0.04	0.04	17-21	8-12	0.5max.		0.07	0.03	35		
304L	0.035	1.00	2.00	0.045	0.03	18-20	8-13		N≤1%	0.07	0.02	30		
CF3M	0.03	1.50	1.50	0.04	0.04	17-21	9-13	2-3		0.07	0.03	30		
316L	0.08	1.00	2.00	0.045	0.03	16-18	10-15	2-3	N≤1%	0.07	0.02	30		
CN7M	0.07	1.50	1.50	0.04	0.04	19-22	27,5-30,5	2-3	Cu = 3-4%	0.07	0.02	35		
WCB	0.03	0.60	1.00	0.04	0.045	0.5max.	0.5max.	0.2max.	Cu≤0,3%,V≤0,03%	0.07 - 0.09	0.04	22		
A105	0.35	0.1-0.35	0.6-1.05	0.035	0.04	0.3max.	0.4max.	0.12max.	Cu≤0,4%,V≤0,05%	0.07	0.04	30		
LCC	0.25	0.60	1.20	0.04	0.045	0.50	0.50	0.2max.	V≤0,03%	0.07 - 0.09	0.04	22		
LF2	0.30	0.15-0.3	0.6-1.35	0.035	0.04	0.3max.	0.4max.	0.12max.	Cu≤0,4%,V≤0,05%	0.07 - 0.09	0.04	22		

		Conver	sion Chart							
	Length			Volumetric Flow Rates						
METERS	x 39.7 =	INCHES	GPM	x 8.021 =	FT ³ /HR					
INCHES	x 25.4 =	MILLIMETERS	LITERS/SECOND	x 3.60 =	м ³ /HR					
FEET	x 0.3048 =	METERS	M ³ /HOUR	x 4.403 =	GPM					
MILLIMETERS	x 0.0033 =	FEET	GPM	x 34.29 =	BARRELS/DAY					
MILES	x 1.609 =	KILOMETERS		Temperature						
FEET	x 12 =	INCHES	'F	1.8°C + 32						
	Area		.C	(F-32) /1.8						
SOUARE METERS	x 10.764 =	SOUARE FEET	·R	F + 459.69						
SQUARE INCHES	x 0.000645 =	SQUARE METERS	К							
SQUARE FEET	x 0.000045 =	SQUARE INCHES		Pressure						
SQUARE FEET		SQUARE INCITES	IN-LBS	x 0.113 =	NEWTON METERS					
	Pressure		IN-LBS	x 0.01152 =	KG-METERS					
PSI	x 0.06895 =	BAR	KG-METERS	x 7.233 =	FT-LBS					
BAR	x 100 =	KILOPASCALS	NEWTON METERS	x 8.851 =	IN-LBS					
ATMOSPHERE	x 1.0333 =	Kg/CM ²	KGF-CM	x 0.87 =	IN-LBS					
BAR	x 14.5 =	PSI		Force						
Kg/CM ²	x 14.22 =	PSI	POUND FORCE	x 0.4536 =	KILOGRAM FORCE					
	Volume		KILOGRAM FORCE	x 9.81 =	NEWTON					
IN ³	x 0.0164 =	LITERS	KILONEWTONS	x 7233 =	POUNDALS					
LITERS	x 0.2642 =	U.S. GALLONS		Miscellaneous						
U.S. GALLONS	x 0.833 =	IMPERIAL GALLONS	BAR	x 750 =	TORR					
U.S. QUART	x 0.25 =	U.S. GALLONS	ATMOSPHERE	x 760 =	mm Hg					
FT ³	x 0.178 =	U.S. BARREL	TORR	x 0.54 =	inches H ₂ O					
					_					

All tables and data shown in these pages are meant to be reference average values. For a more accurate product description, we recommend that the related Standards be looked up.



Applicable Standards



Fire Safety Standards

API 607 API 6FA

Pressure Test

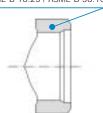
API 598 ASME B16.104 Class VI

Material Specification

NACE MR0175

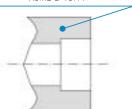
Butt Weld Ends

ASME B 16.25 / ASME B 36.10



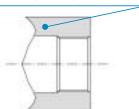
Socket Weld Ends

ASME B 16.11



Threaded/Screwed Ends (NPT)

ASME B1.20.1





<u>12"</u> <u>A150</u> <u>F-</u> <u>F14A/G-</u> <u>CS/316-</u> <u>FSM</u> (P) 1 2 3 7 4 5 6

 $\frac{3''}{(P)}$ $\frac{A300}{1}$ $\frac{F_{-}}{2}$ $\frac{F14M_{-}}{3}$ $\frac{SS/316_{-}}{4}$ $\frac{WC}{6}$ $\frac{Q}{9}$

<u>1/2" C800- NPT- HBM- CS/316- Ni+G</u> (P) 1 8 3 4 5 6

PREFIX (P)

Size, in inches

1 - PRESSURE CLASS

ASME Class 150# through 600# (Flanged) (for higher pressure classes please consult KCA) C800 (Threaded & SW)

2 - PORT TYPE

F. Full Port
R Regular Port

3 - SERIES

F14A. . . ISO 5211 Mounting Flange, Floating Split Body, Soft Seat (Full & Regular port)

F18A. . . ISO 5211 Mounting Flange, Floating Split Body, Soft Seat (Regular port)

BF6K . . ISO 5211 Mounting Flange, Floating End Entry, Soft Seat (Regular port)

F14M . . ISO 5211 Mounting Flange, Floating & Trunnion, Metal Seats (Full & Regular port)

F18T... Trunnion Mounted (Full & Regular port)

HBM . . . ISO 5211 Mounting Flange, Floating, Metal Seats, SW & NPT (Full Port)

HB Floating 1-piece, NPT, SW & BW (Full & Regular Port)

4 - BODY MATERIAL

CS. Cast Carbon Steel and Low Alloys
SS. Cast Stainless Steel and High Alloys
(Contact KCA for special materials such as LCC, 316L, Alloy 20, Duplex and others.)

5 - TRIM MATERIAL

316. . . . Stainless Steel

(For chlorine service please consult KCA)

6 - SEAL GROUP (Seat/Packing/Body Seals)

T..... Standard (PTFE/PTFE/SS + PTFE (Spiral Wound))

(Peek, UHMWPE, G/F PTFE, PTFE + SS & Graphite filled PTFE available)

FSM . . . Firesafe (PTFE/Graphite/SS + Graphite (Spiral Wound))

Metal. . . Refer to page 11.

7 - OPERATOR

G Gear

8 - ENDS

None . . . Flanged

NPT . . . Threaded

SW Socket Weld

9 - SPECIAL

Special configurations, requirements or testing.

Design and Inspection Standards										
ltem .		American Standards	British Standards							
	Body	ASME B16.34	BS 5351							
	Non-Metal Sealing Parts	KITZ Standard								
Shell Wall Thickness		ASME B16.34	BS 5351							
Face-to Face Dimensions		ASME B16.10	BS 2080							
End Flange Dimensions and Flange Gasket Facing		ASME B16.5	BS 1560							
Pressure Test		API 598 or API 6D*2	BS 5146							
Fire Test		API 607	BS 6755							

Torque values and NACE

Torque Values

The values shown throughout this catalog are an average of real values. These values have been taken under ideal conditions of clean water, room temperature, unfilled PTFE, daily handling and without safety factors. For different types of services and conditions, we suggest that the following corrective factors be used:

 Filled PTFE seats
 1.2 - 1.4

 Low temperature (-50°F)
 1.5

 Low temperature (-150°F)
 2

 Long inactivity
 2 (min.)

 Wet gases
 1.5

 Dry gases (Natural Gas)
 1.7

 Powder
 1.3

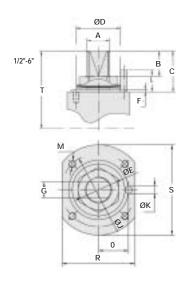
 Drying-out fluids
 1.2

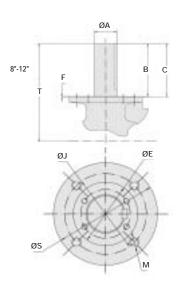
NACE in accordance with MR0175

Metallic material requirements for resistance to sulfide stress cracking (SSC) for petroleum production, drilling, gathering and flowline equipment, and field processing facilities to be used in hydrogen sulfide (H₂S)-bearing hydrocarbon service.



ISO 5211 Mounting Pad Dimensions

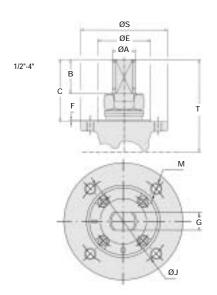


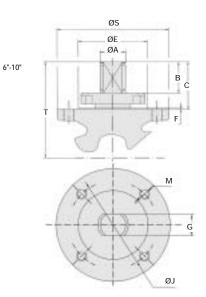


	ASME 150 - ASME 300 - ASME 600																
				А	SME 150 -	- ASMI	300	- ASI	ME 60	00							
						FULL	PORT										
F14A	VALVE	IS0					[DIMENSI	IONS, in	ches							
	SIZE				B min.												S
	1/2"	F03	1.63	M10	0.31	0.65	0.79	0.98	0.06	0.24	1.42	0.28	0.551	3/16"-24	0.55	1.57	1.57
	3/4"	F03	1.79	M10	0.31	0.65	0.79	0.98	0.06	0.24	1.42	0.28	0.55	3/6"-24	0.55	1.57	1.57
	1"	F05	2.68	M14	0.55	1.18	1.10	1.38	0.12	0.35	1.97			1/4"-20		2.05	2.05
	1-1/2"	F05	3.54	M14	0.57	1.14	1.10	1.38	0.08	0.35	1.97			1/4"-20		1.89	2.56
	2"	F07	5.12	M24	1.12	1.98	1.97	2.17	0.12	0.67	2.76			5/16"-18		2.83	3.54
	3"	F07	5.91	M24	1.22	2.07	1.97	2.17	0.12	0.67	2.76			5/16"-18		2.83	3.54
	4"	F10	7.72	M36	1.52	2.57	2.80	2.76	0.12	0.87	4.02			3/8"-16		3.94	4.92
	6"	F10	8.66	M36	1.52	2.62	2.80	2.76	0.12	0.87	4.02			3/8"-16		3.94	4.92
	8"	F14	14.98	0.197	5.73	5.85		3.94	0.12		5.51			5/8"-11			6.89
	10"	F16	18.15	02.56	6.75	6.87		5.12	0.12		6.50			3/4"-10			8.27
	12"	F16	19.29	02.56	6.75	6.87		5.12	0.12		6.50			34"-10			8.27
					R	EGULA	R PO	RT									
	6"	F10	8.66	M36	1.52	2.62	2.80	2.76	0.12	0.87	4.02			3/8"-16		3.94	4.92
	12"	F14	15.96	01.97	5.73	5.85		3.94	0.12		5.51			58"-11			6.89
	14"	F16	18.11	02.56	6.75	6.87		5.12	0.12		6.50			3/4"-10			8.27
	16"	F16	19.25	02.56	6.75	6.87		5.12	0.12		6.50			3/4"-10			8.27



ISO 5211 Mounting Pad Dimensions





						ASME 1	50 - A	SME 3	300						
	REGULAR PORT														
BF6K	VALVE SIZE	IS05211	Т	А	В	С	Е	F	G	J		M ₍₁₎	S		
	1/2"	F03	1.32	0.31	0.30	0.59	0.98	0.06	0.20	1.42		1/4"-20 UNC	1.89		
	3/4"	F03	1.42	0.31	0.30	0.59	0.98	0.06	0.20	1.42		1/4"-20 UNC	1.89		
	1"	F04	1.85	0.39	0.39	0.79	1.18	0.06	0.24	1.65		1/4"-20 UNC	2.17		
	1 1/2"	F05	3.44	0.55	0.81	1.56	2.17	0.06	0.39	2.00		1/4"-20 UNC	2.56		
	2"	F05	4.29	0.79	1.04	1.97	2.17	0.08	0.67	2.76		5/16"-18 UNC	3.54		
	3"	F07	5.89	0.94	1.42	2.58	2.17	0.08	0.67	2.76		5/16"-18 UNC	3.54		
	4"	F07	6.48	0.94	1.42	2.58	2.17	0.08	0.67	2.76		5/16"-18 UNC	3.54		
	6"	F12	7.99	1.38	1.71	2.58	3.35	0.08	0.91	4.92		1/2"-13 UNC	5.91		
	8"	F14	9.55	1.57	1.97	3.0	3.94	0.08	1.06	5.51		5/8"-11 UNC	6.89		
	10"	F16	11.52	1.89	2.30	3.56	5.12	0.08	1.26	6.50		3/4"-10 UNC	8.27		



			Mei	allic	Materials					
Media -										Formula
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	A.20	M	N	V	T	
A					_					
Acetaldehyde	-		••	*	*	*	•	_	••	
Acetamine	••		•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Acetat Solvent	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Acetic Acid (10%)	•		••	••	••	•	•	•	••	CH₃C00H
Acetic Acid (30%)			••	••	••	•	•	•	••	CH₃COOH
Acetic Acid (80%)			••	••	••	•	•	•	••	CH₃COOH
Acetic Acid (Aerated)	•	•	••	*	*	*		•	••	CH₃COOH
Acetic Acid (Air free)	•	•	••	••	••	•		•	••	CH₃COOH
Acetic Acid (Crude)	•		••	*	*	*	•	•	••	CH₃COOH
Acetic Acid (Pure)	•	~	••	*	*	*	~	~	••	CH ₃ COOH
Acetic Acid (Vapor)	•	~	~	••	••	•	~	•	••	CH ₃ COOH
Acetic Anhydride	•	-	•	••	••	-	~	~	••	(CH ₃ CO) ₂ O
Acetone	••	••	••	••	••	••	-	~	••	CH ₃ COCH ₃
Acetyl Chloride	*		•	*		•	-		••	0113000113
,					-					CH
Acetylene (Dry)	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	C ₂ H ₂
Acid Fume	*	V	•	*	*	*	-	*	••	
Acrylonitrile	-	••	••	*	*	*	•	_	••	H ₂ C=CHCN
Air	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	78%N2+21%O2+0,8%Ar+.
Alcohol-Amyl	-	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	C5H11 - OH
Alcohol-Buthyl	-	•	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	CH3(CH2)2CH3OH
Alcohol-Diacetona	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Alcohol-Ethyl	•	•	••	••	••	••	•	•	••	C ₂ H ₅ – OH
Alcohol-Fatty	*	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Alcohol-Isopropyl	•	•	••	*	*	*		••	••	(CH ₃) ₂ CH – OH
Alcohol-Methyl	•	•	••	••	••	••	•		••	CH₃ – OH
Alcohol-Propyl	•	•	••	••	••	••	•	•	••	CH3-CH2-CH2-OH
Aliphatic Ester	*	*	*	*	*	*	•	*	••	0113 0112 0112 011
· ·	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Alkyl Chloride	Ť	·								KAKCO)
Alum			••	*	••	*	•	•	••	KAI(SO ₄) ₂
Alumina	*	*	*	*	*	*	••	*	••	(2 2.2.
Aluminum Acetate	•	_	••	••	••	•	•	•	••	(CH₃COO)₃AI
Aluminum Chloride (Dry)	*		•	*	*	*	•	••	••	AICI ₃
Aluminum Chloride (Solu)	*	•	-	••	••	•	•	••	••	AlCl₃
Aluminum Fluoride	*	•	-	••	••	•	••	••	••	AIF3
Aluminum Hydroxide	*	•	••	*	••	•	••	••	••	
Aluminum Nitrate	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Aluminum Oxide	*	*	*	*	*	*	••	*	••	AI ₂ O ₃
Alum. Potassium Sulfate	•	~	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Aluminum Sulfate	~	~	••	••	••		•	••	••	Al2(SO4)3-18H2O
Amine		•	••	*	*	*		~	••	NH(C ₂ H ₃ O) ₂
Ammonia Anhydrous Liquide	•	••	••	••	••	•		~	••	1411(021130)2
Ammonia (Aqueous)	•	••	••	*	*	*	-		••	NH₃
· ' '		*			*	*		-		
Ammonia Gas (Hot)	*		••	*			•		••	NH₃
Ammonia Liquor	*	*	••	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Ammonia Solution	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	~	••	
Ammonium Acetate	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Ammonium Bicarbonate	•		•	*	••	•	•	••	••	(NH₄)HCO₃
Ammonium Bromide (5%)	*	•	•	••	••	•	*	*	••	
Ammonium Carbonate	•	•	•	••	••	••		•	••	(NH ₄) ₂ CO ₃
Ammonium Chloride	•	-		••	••	•	•	••	••	NH ₄ CI
Ammonium Hydroxide (28%)	-		•	••	••	•	•	•	••	NH ₄ OH
Ammonium Hydroxide (Conc.)			•	*	*	*		•	••	NH ₄ OH
Ammonium Nitrate	•	-	••	••	••	*	••	••	••	NH4NO3
Ammonium Oxalate (5%)	*	~	•	••	••	•	*	*	••	
Ammonium Persulfate	~	-	••	••	••	•			••	
	·	*	•	••	••	•	-	••	••	
monium Phosphate (Mono Basic)	*	*								(1111) 1100
mmonium Phosphate (Bi-Basic)			•	••	••		••	••	••	(NH ₄) ₂ HPO ₄
mmonium Phosphate (Tri-Basic)	•	•	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	(NH ₄) ₃ PO ₄
Ammonium Sulfate		•	•	- No	••	•	••	•	••	(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄
Ammonium Sulfide	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Ammonium Sulfite	-		••	*	••	•	•	•	••	
Amyl Acetate	•		••	••	••	•	•	•	••	C5H11-O-CO-CH3
Amyl Alcohol		•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	C5H11-OH

Note: ●● Excellent ● Good ■ Poor ▼ Very Poor * Data Unavailable

CI = Cast Iron CS = Carbon Steel SS = Stainless Steel CF8M, 316 H.C = Hastelloy C A.20 = Alloy 20 M = Monel N = Nitrile V = Viton T = PTFE, Teflon



					Materials	3				
			Mei	tallic	matorial					
Media		Standard			Special					Formula
	CI	cs	SS	H.C	A.20	M	N	V	T	
Amyl Chloride	•	•	••	••	••	*	•	~	••	
Aniline	-		•	••	••	*	•		••	C ₆ H ₅ NH ₂
Aniline Dye	•		••	*	*	*		•	••	
Animal Oil	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	•	••	
Antimony Trichloride	•	-	•	*	*	•		••	••	SbCI ₃
Apple Juice	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Aqua Regia	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	~	••	
Aromatic Solvent	*		••	*	*	*	~	*	••	
Arsenic Acid	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Asphalt Emulsion	-		••	*	*	*	•	••	••	H₃AsO₄
Asphalt Liquid	-		••	*	*	*	~	••	••	
В										
Barium Carbonate	•	•	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	D 010
Barium Chloride	•	•	•	*	••	•	••	••	••	BaCl2
Barium Cyanide	*	*	•	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Barium Hydrate	*		•			*	••			Pa(OH)
Barium Hydroxide	•			••	••	•		••	••	Ba(OH) ₂ + 8H ₂ O
Barium Nitrate Barium Sulfate	*		••	*	••	*	•	*	••	SO ₄ Ba
Barium Sulfate Barium Sulfide			•	*	*	*	••		••	SO4Ba BaSO3
Barium Suilide Beer			•	••	*	*	••	••	••	Dd3U3
Beet Sugar Liquid	-	-	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Bentonite		*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Benzaldehyde		••	••	*	*	*	-	*	••	C ₆ H₅CHO
Benzene		•	•	••	••	本	*	•	••	СеНе
Benzoic Acid	*	¥	•	••	••	•	•	•	••	HC6H5 - COO
Benzol Acid	•	•	•	••	••	•	*	•	••	C6H6
Beryllium Sulfate	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	Col lo
Bitumen		-	••	*	*	*		*	••	
Black Liquor			•	*	*	*			••	
Black Sulfate Liquor			•	*	*	*			••	
Bleaching Powder (Wet)	*	*	•	••	•	*	<u></u>	•	••	
Blood	*	-	••	••	••	••	•	•	••	
Borax	*		•	••	*	•	•	••	••	Na2B4O710H2O
Borax Liquor			•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Boric Acid	-	-	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	H₃BO₃
Brake Fluid			•	*	*	*	-	-	••	
Brine (Saturated)	-	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	NaCl
Bromine (Dry)	•	•	•	••	••	••	•	•	••	
Bromine (Wet)	•	•	•	••	•	•	•	•	••	
Bunker Oil	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Butadine	•	•	••	*	*	*		•	••	H ₂ C=CHHC=CH ₂
Butane	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	C4H10
Butanol	-	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Buttermilk	•	•	••	••	*	*	••	••	••	
Butyl Acetate	•	•	••	••	••	•	~	•	••	CH3COOC4H9
Butyl Alcohol	-	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	C ₄ H ₉ OH
Butyl Amine	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Butylene	••	••	••	*	*		~		••	
Butyric Acid	~	•	•	••	••	*	•		••	CH3-(CH2)2-COOH
Coloium Disultita	_			4	N.	, i.e.				0.4100
Calcium Bisulfite	_	-	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	Ca(HSO ₃) ₂
Calcium Carbonate	*	-	•	••	••	•• *	••	••	••	CO₃Ca
Calcium Chlorate	*		•	*	*	*	•	•	••	CaCl
Calcium Chloride	- :		•	••	••	•	•	••	••	CaCl ₂
Calcium Hydroxide	-	-	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	Ca(OH) ₂
Calcium Hypochloride	*	*	*	*	*	*	•	*	••	Ca(CIO) ₂
Calcium Nitrate Calcium Phosphate	*	*	* •	*	*	*	•	* •	••	
Calcium Priospriate Calcium Silicate	*	*	•	*	*	*	•		••	
Calcium Sulfate	* ·	★	••	*	••	•	••	••	••	CaSO ₄
Camphor	*	*	•	••	••	*	•	•	••	- Ca3O4
Carriphol Cane Sugar Liquor	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Carbolic Acid	*	~	•	*	*		*	•	••	
Carbon Bisulfide	•	•	•	*	••	•	•	••	••	CS ₂



			0.0-	tallia	Materials					
Media		Standard			Special					Formula
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	Special A.20	M	N	V	T	
Carbon Dioxide (Dry)	•	••	••	••	A.20	ee	IN	•	••	CO ₂
Carbon Dioxide (Wet)	•		••	*	*	*	*	*	*	CO ₂
Carbon Monoxide	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	002
Carbon Tetrachloride (Dry)			••	••	••	••	_	•	••	CCI ₄
Carbon Tetrachloride (Wet)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	•	••	••	••	-	•	••	CCI ₄
Carbonate Beverage	-	-	•	••	••	•	•	•	••	0014
Carbonated Water	*	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Carbonic Acid	- T	-	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Casein	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Castor Oil	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Catsup	-	*	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Caustic Potash (70%, Cold)	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	~	••	
Caustic Potash (70%, Hot)	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	-	••	
	•	••	••	*	*	*	••	•	••	
austic Potash (Dilute, Cold)				*	*	*		·		
Caustic Potash (Dilute, Hot)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Caustic Soda (20%,Cold)	••									
Caustic Soda (20%, Hot)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	
Caustic Soda (50%, Cold)	•	••	••	*	*	*	••	-	••	
Caustic Soda (50%, Hot)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	-	••	
Caustic Soda (70%, Cold)	•	•	••	••	••	••	•	•	••	
Caustic Soda (70%, Hot)	•	•	•	•	•	••	_	-	••	
Cellulose Acetate	•	•	•	*	*	*	~	•	••	
China Wood Oil	•		••	••	••	*	••	••	••	
Chlorinated Solvent	•		•	*	*	*	~		••	
Chlorinated Water	*	*	•	*	*		•	••	••	
Chlorine (Dry)	•		•	••	••	••	•	•	••	CI ₂
Chlorine (Wet)	•	~	•	•	•	•	•	*	••	CI ₂
Chloroacetic Acid	•	•	•	••	•	•	•		••	
Chlorobenzene (Dry)	•	•	••	*	•	••	•	••	••	
Chloroform (Dry)	•	•	••	••	••	••	•	•	••	CHCL ₃
Chlorophyll (Dry)	•	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Chlorosulfonic Acid (Dry)	•	•	•	••	•	•	•	•	••	HOSO ₂ CL
Chlorosulfonic Acid (Wet)	•	~	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	HOSO ₂ CL
Chrome Alum	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Chromic Acid (<50%)	•	•		••	•	•	•	-	••	H ₂ CrO ₄
Chromic Acid (>50%)	•	•	-		•	•	•		••	H ₂ CrO ₄
Chromium Sulfate	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Cider	*	*	•	••	••	••	•	•	••	
Citric Acid	•	~	••	••	••	*	•	••	••	(CH2COOH)2C(OH)COOH
Citrus Juice	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Coca-Cola Syrup	*	*	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Coconut Oil			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Coffe	*		••	••	••	•	••	••	••	C8H10N4O4H2O
Coke Oven Gas	••	•	••	*	*	*		•	••	0.11.11.0.11.0
Cooking Oil	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Copper Acetate	*	*	••	••	••	*		*	••	(CH3COO)2Cu
Copper Carbonate	*	*	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	(01/3000)200
Copper Chloride	*	**************************************	-	••	*	*	•	••	••	
Copper Cyanide	*	*	••	••	→	*	••	••	••	
Copper Cyanide Copper Nitrate	*	*	•	••	••	*	••	••	••	
Copper Nitrate Copper Sulfate	—	*	•	*	••		••	••	••	CuSO ₄
	Ť	·	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	Cu3O4
Corn Oil	*	- :	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Cottonseed Oil				*	*	*	*			
Creosote Oil	•	•	•					••	••	
Cresol	*		•	*	*	*	_	•	••	011.011
Cresylic Acid	_	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	CH₃OH
Crude Oil (Sour)		•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Crude Oil	•	•	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Cupric Nitrate	*	*	••	••	••	~	*	*	••	
cutting Oil (Water Emulsion)	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Cyanide Plating Solution	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Cyclohexane	••	••	••	*	*	*	-	••	••	
Cyclohesanone	*	*	*	*	*	*	_	*	••	

Note: •• Excellent • Good ■ Poor ▼ Very Poor * Data Unavailable

Cl = Cast Iron CS = Carbon Steel SS = Stainless Steel CF8M, 316 H.C = Hastelloy C A.20 = Alloy 20 M = Monel N = Nitrile V = Viton T = PTFE, Teflon



					Materials					
Madia			Mei	tallic				0.0		Formula
<i>Media</i>		Standard			Special					Formula
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	A.20	М	N	V	T	
D				-	- 4	-11-				
Detergent (Synthetic) Dextrin	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Diacetone Alcohol	••	••	••	*	*	*	—	*	••	
Dichloroethane	*	*	•	*	*	*	-	*	••	(CH ₂ CI) ₂
Dichloroethyl Ether	*	*	•	*	*	*	-	-	••	(011201)2
Dichloropentane	*	••	••	*	*	*		*	••	
Diesel Oil	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Diethyl Sulfate	*	*	•	*	*	*		•	••	
Diethylamine	••	••	••	*	*	*		•	••	
Diethylene Glycol	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	•	••	
Dioxane	•	•	•	*	*	*	*	~	••	
Dipentene	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	•	••	
Distilled Water	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Dowtherm	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Drilling Mud	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Dry Claning Fluid	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Drying Oil	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
E										
Enamel	*	*	*	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Epson Salt			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Essential Oil	*	•	•	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Ethane	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	C ₂ H ₆
Ethanolamine	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	
Ether	•	••	••	••	••	•	•		••	
Ethyl Acetate	-	•	•	••	••	••	•	•	••	CH ₃ COOC ₂ H ₅
Ethyl Acrylate	-		••	*	*	*	•	•	••	CH ₂ =CHCOOC ₂ H ₂
Ehyl Alcohol	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	C ₂ H ₅ -OH
Ethyl Benzene	*	••	••	*	*	*		•	••	
Ethyl Bromide	*	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Ethyl Chloride (Dry)	•	•	••	*	••	•	•	•	•	
Ethyl Chloride (Wet)	_	•	•	*	••	•	■	•	••	0.11.00.11
Ethyl Ether Ethyl Silicate	•	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	C2H5OC2H6
Ethylene Ethylene	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	C ₂ H ₄
Ethylene Dichloride	*	*	•	*	*	*	~		••	O2F14
Ethylene Glycol	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	C ₂ H ₄ (OH) ₂
Ethylene Oxide	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	C ₂ H ₄ O=CH ₂ -O-CH ₂
,										
F										
Fatty Acid	•	•	••	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Fatty Alcohol	*	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Ferric Chloride	•	•	~	••	•	•	•	••	••	FeCl₃
Ferric Nitrate	_	•	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Ferric Sulfate	_	—	•	••	••	_	••	••	••	5.01
Ferrous Chloride	V	_	V	••	V	_	•	••	••	FeCl ₂
Ferrous Sulfate Fertilizer Solution	*	Y	•	*	*	*	•	*	••	SO ₄ Fe+7H ₂ O
Fish Oil	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Flue Gas	••		••	••	•	*	-	•	••	
Fluoboric Acid	*	*	••	*	*	*	-	*	••	
Fluorine (Dry)	*	*		*	- π - π	••	•	T	••	
Fluosilicic Acid	•	-	•	*	*	*		•	••	
Food (Fluid & Paste)			••	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Formaldehyde (Cold)	•	•	••	••	••		•	-	••	НСНО
Formaldegyde (Hot)	•	•		*	*	*	•	•	••	НСНО
Formic Acid (Cold)	•	•	•	••	••	•		•	••	НСООН
Formic Acid (Hot)	•	~	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	НСООН
Freon, 11, MF, 112, BF		*	••	*	*	*	-	•	••	
Freon, 12, 12, 32, 114, 115	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	
Freon, 21, 31	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	~	••	
Freon, 22	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	~	••	
Freon, 113 TF	•	*	••	*	*	*	•		••	
Freen Gas (Dry)	■ Ψ	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	
Freon Gas (Wet)	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Fresh Water	-		••	*	*	*	•	••	••	



			Met	allic						
Media -		Standard			Special					Formula
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	A.20	M	N	V	Т	
Fruit Juice	▼	~	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Fuel Oil	•	•	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Fuel RP-1	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Furfural	•	••	••	••	••	•	•	~	••	
G					-				-	_
Gallic Acid (5%)	~	•	•	••	••	*	•	••	••	
Gas (Manufactured)	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Gas (Natural)	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Gas Odorizer	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Gasoline (Aviation)	•	••	••	*	*	*		••	••	
Gasoline (Leaded)	••	••	••	*	*	*		••	••	
Gasoline (Motor)	•	••	••	*	*	*		••	••	
Gasoline (Refined)	•	•	••	*	*	*		••	••	
Gasoline (Sour)	•	•	••	*	*	*	-	•	••	
Gasoline (Unleaded)	•	••	••	*	*	*		••	••	
Gelatine	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	CH ₂ -NH ₂ -COOH
Glucose	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	CH ₂ OH-(CHOH) ₄ -COH
Glue	••	••	••	••	••	*	••	••	••	
Glycerine	•	•	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	(CH ₂ OH ₂)CHOH
Glycerol	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Glycol	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	HO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -OH
Alycol Amine	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Glyoxal	*	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Graphite	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Grease	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Green Liquor	•	•	•	*	*	*			••	
Green Sulfate Liquor	•	•	•	*	*	*	•		••	
Н			-	-	_		-	_	_	
Hard Water	*	•	••	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Helium Gas	•	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Heptane	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Hexamethylenetetramine	*	•	••	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Hexamine	*	•	••	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Hexane	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Hexanol	•		••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Hexanol (Tertiary)	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	•	••	
Hexanol (Secondary)	*	•	•	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Hexyl Alcohol	•		••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Hydraulic Oil (Petroleum Base)	•	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Hydraulic Oil (Phosphate Base)	*	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Hydraulic Oil (Synthetic Base)	*	••	••	*	*	*	•		••	
Hydrazine	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Hydrazine (Hydrate)	*	*	•	*	*	*		•	••	
Hydrobromic Acid	•	•	•		•	•		••	••	
Hydrochloric Acid	•	•	•	*	•	*		••	••	HCI
Hydrocyanic Acid			••	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Hydrofluoric Acid	•	•	•	••	•	•	•	•	•	
Hydrofluosilicic Acid	•	•		••	••	•	•	••	••	H ₂ SF ₆
Hydrogen Gas (Cold)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₂
Hydrogen Gas (Hot)	*	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₂
Hydrogen Peroxide (Concentrated)	•	•	•	••	••	*	•	•	••	H ₂ O ₂
Hydrogen Peroxide (Dilute)	•	•	•	••	••	*	••	••	••	H ₂ O ₂
Hydrogen Sulfide (Dry)	•	•	••	••	••	•		•	••	H ₂ S
Hydrogen Sulfide (Wet)	•	•	•	••	••	•		•	••	H ₂ S
Нуро	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Hypochlorous Acid	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Illuminating Gas	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Ink (Newsprint)	•	•	••	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Iodine (Wet)	•	•	•	••	•	•	•	••	••	
louine (vvct)				*		*	*	••		



					Materials					
			Me	tallic						
Media		Standard			Special					Formula
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	A.20	M	N	V	Т	
Isobutane	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Isooctane	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Isopropyl Acetate	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Isopropyl Alcohol	•	•	••	*	*	*		••	••	(CH ₃) ₂ CH-OH
Isopropyl Ether	•	••	••	*	*	*		•	••	
J										
Jet Fuel	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
JP-4 Fuel	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
JP-5 Fuel	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
JP-6 Fuel	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
IV.		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	
K		_		_	_					
Kerosene	•	•	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Ketchup	V	Y	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Ketone	••	••	••	*	*	*	·	_	••	
Lacquer Solvent			••	*	*	*	~	~	••	
Lactic Acid (Concentrated, Cold)	- -	<u>-</u>	••	••	••	*	•	••	••	
Lactic Acid (Concentrated, Hot)	-	-	•	••	••	*		•	••	CH3-CH2OH-(OOH)
Lactid Acid (Dilute, Cold)	~	-	••	••	••	*	•	••	••	
Lactic Acid (Dilute, Hot)	~	-	•	••	••	*			••	
Lactose	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Lard	*	*	••	••	••	*	•	•	••	
Lard Oil			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Lead Acetate	-	-	•	••	••	•	•	•	••	Pb(CH ₃ COO) ₂
Lead Sulfate	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	· · ·
Lecithin	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Lemon Juice	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Lime	*	•	*	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Lime (Slurry)	*	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Lime Mixture	*	*	••	*	*	*	••	*	••	
Linilic Acid	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Linseed Oil	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Lithium Chloride	*	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
LPG	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Lubricating Oil (Petroleum Base)	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Lubricating Oil (Synthetic Base)	••	••	••	*	*	*			••	
M		_			at.	als.				
Magnesium Bisulfate	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Magnesium Bisulfide	V	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Magnesium Carbonate	•	•	••	••	••	•	•	•	••	
Magnesium Chloride Magnesium Hydroxide (Cold)	V	•	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Magnesium Hydroxide (Cold)	•	•	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	
3 , ,	•	•	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	
Magnesium Nitrate Magnesium Sulfate	*	*	••	••	••	*	•	•	••	MgSO ₄
Maleic Acid	•		•	*	*	*	•	••	••	1VI9SO4 C4H4O2=CO2H-CH2-CH-CO2H
Maleic Anhydride	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	541 1402 - 5021 1-61 12-61 1-6021 1
Malic Acid	▼	*		••	••	•	••	••	••	CO ₂ H-CH(OH)-CH ₂ CO ₂ H
Malt Beverage	*	*	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	55211 511(011) 571250211
Manganese Carbonate	*	*	•	*	••	•	•	*	••	
Manganese Chloride	*	*	•	*	•	•	••	••	••	
Manganese Sulfate	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	SO ₄ Mg+7H ₂ O
Mannitol Solution	*	*	•	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Mayonnaise	_	-	••	••	*	•	••	••	••	
Meat Juice	*	*	••	••	••	*	•	*	••	
Melamine Resin	*	*		*	*	*	•	*	••	
Menthol	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Mercaptane	*	•	•	*	*	*	-	••	••	
Mercuric Chloride	•	-		-	*	*	•	••	••	HgCl ₂
Mercuric Cyanide	•	-	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Mercuric Nitrate	•	•	•	*	*	*	*	*	••	Hg(NO ₃) ₂
Mercurous Nitrate	*	*	••	••	••	*		•	••	
Mercury	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	Hg



Media			Mei	tallic				Soft		Formula
,,,,		Standard			Special					romaia
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	A.20	M	N	V	T	
Mercury Salt	•	•	*	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Methane	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	Na ₂ HPO ₄ +12H ₂ O
Methanol	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	
Methyl Acetate	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	CH3 - CO2 - CH3
Methyl Acetone	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Methyl Alcohol	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	CH₃OH
Methyl Amine	•	•	••	*	*	*	_	•	••	CH ₃ NH ₂
Methyl Bromine (100%)	*	*	•	*	*	*			••	
Methyl Cellosolve	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Methyl Cellulose	*	*	••	*	*	*	-	*	••	
Methyl Chloride	•	•	••	*	*	*	~	•	••	CH₃CI
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	•	••	••	*	*	*	~	~	••	
Methyl Formate			•	*	*	*	-	-	••	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	*	*	•	*	*	*	-	*	••	
Methylene Chloride	•	•	••	••	••	•	-		••	CH ₂ CI ₂
Milk	~	-	••	••	*	*	••	••	••	GI IZGIZ
Milk (Cow)	_	-			*	*	••	••	••	
Milk Product	Ť	*	••	*						
		*	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Mine Water (Acid)	*		••	••	••	▼	•	••	••	
Mineral Oil	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Mineral Spirit	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Mixed Acid (Cold)	•	•	•	*	*	*	~	••	••	
Molasses (Crude)	••	••	••	••	*	••	••	••	••	
Molasses (Edible)	-		••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Molybdic Acid	*	•	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	
Ionochloro Benzene (Dry)	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Monochloroacetic	*	*		*	*	*		*	••	
Morpholine	•	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Mustard	•	•	••	••	*	•	••	••	••	
N										
Naphta	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Naphthalene	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	C10H8
Natural Gas	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Natural Gas (Sour)	*	•		*	*	*	••	••		
ickel Ammonium Sulfate	~	-	••	*	*	*	••	-	••	
Nickel Chloride	~	~	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	NiCl ₂
Nickel Nitrate	_	-	•	••	••	*	••	••	••	Ni(No ₃) ₂ +6H ₂ O
Nickel Sulfate	_	-	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	NiSO ₄
			-				-			
Nicotinic Acid	•	•	••	*	*	*	Ľ	•	••	C ₆ H ₅ O ₂ N
Nitric Acid	Ť	Ľ	••	••	••		Ť	•	••	HNO ₃
Nitric Acid (10%)	_	_	••	••	••	•	-	••	••	HNO ₃
Nitric Acid (30%)	¥	•	••	••	••	•	•	••	••	HNO ₃
Nitric Acid (80%)	~	~	•	••	••	*	•	•	••	HNO₃
Nitric Acid (100%)	•	•	•	••	••	*	•	•	••	HNO₃
Nitric Acid (Anhydrous)	•	-	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Nitrobenzene	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	C6H5-NO2
Nitrogen	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	N ₂
Nitrous Acid (10%)	•	•	•	*	••	*		••	••	N ₂ O ₃
Nitrous Gas		•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Nitrous Oxide		•	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	N ₂ O
0										
Oil (Animal)	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	•	••	
Oil (Cottonseed)			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Oil (Essential)	*		•	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Oil & Fat	*		•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
						*				
Oil (Fish)	•		••	*	*		••	••	••	
Oil (Fuel)	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Oil (Lube)	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Oil (Mineral)	•	•	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Oil (Petroleum, Refined)	•	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Oil (Petroleum, Sour)		•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Oil (Water Mixture)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	



					Materials					
			Mei	tallic	Waterials					
Media -		Standard			Special					Formula
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	A.20	M	N	V	T	
Oleic Acid	•		•	••	••	•	•	•	••	C ₁₇ H ₃₃ COOH
Oleum	•	•	•	*	*	*	—	•	••	
Olive Oil	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	0001100011
Oxalic Acid	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	СООНСООН
Oxigen (Cold) Oxigen (Hot)	*		••	*	*	*	•	*	~	O_2 O_2
Ozone (Dry)	••	••	••	*	*	*	~	•	••	O ₃
Ozone (Wet)			••	*	*	*	•	•	••	03
CZONO (WCK)										
Р										
Paint & Solvent	••	••	••	*	*	*	~	•	••	
Palm Oil			•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Palmitic Acid			•	*	*	*	•	••	••	CH3-(CH2)14-(CO2H)
Paper Pulp	•	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	*	
Paraffin	•	•	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Paraformaldehyde	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Pentane	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	C5H12
Perchlorethylene	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Petrolatum Petroloum Oil (Crudo)	-	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Petroleum Oil (Crude) Petroleum Oil (High Aniline)	•		••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Petroleum Oil (Low Aniline)	•		••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Petroleum Oil (Refined)	••	••	*	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Phenol	~	-	•	••	••	••	-	•	••	C ₆ H₅OH
Phosphate Ester (10%)	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Phosphoric Acid (10%, Cold)	-	-	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	H ₃ PO ₄
Phosphoric Acid (10%, Hot)	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	H₃PO₄
Phosphoric Acid (50%, Cold)	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	H₃PO₄
Phosphoric Acid (50%, Hot)	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₃ PO ₄
Phosphoric Acid (80%, Cold)	*		•	*	*	*		•	••	H ₃ PO ₄
Phosphoric Acid (80%, Hot)	*		•	*	*	*		•	••	H ₃ PO ₄
Phosphoric Acid (100%)	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	*	*	H ₃ PO ₄
Phosphorus Pentoxide	*	•	••	*	••	*	_	•	••	
Phpsphorus Trichloride	_	*	••	••	••	*	-	•	••	
Photographic Solution Phthalic Acid	-	*	••	*	*	*		•	••	
Phthalic Anhydride			•	*	*	*		••	••	
Picric Acid	-	-	•	••	••	•		•	••	(NO ₂) ₃ OH
Pine Oil	•		••	*	*	*	••	••	••	(1102/3011
Pineapple Juice			••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Pinene	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	•	••	
Pitch (Roof)	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Polysulfide Liquor	•	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Polyvinyl Acetate	*	*	•	*	*	*		*	••	
Polyvinyl Chloride	*	*	•	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Potassium Alum	•	•	••	••	••	•	•	•	••	
Potassium Bicarbonate	*	*	••	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Potassium Bisulfate	*	*	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Potassium Bisulfite	_	_	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Potassium Bromide	•	•	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	K ₂ CO ₃
Potassium Carbonate Potassium Chlorate	•	•	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	K2CU3 KCIO3
Potassium Chloride	•			••	••		••	••	••	KCIU3 KCI
Potassium Chromate	•	-	-	*	*	*	•	•	••	1.01
Potassium Cyanide	•		•	••	••	•	••	••	••	KCN
Potassium Dichromate	•		•	••	••	*	••	••	••	K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇
Potassium Diphosphate	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Potassium Ferricyanide			•	••	••	•	•	••	••	K₃Fe(CN)₅
Potassium Ferrocyanide			•	••	••	••	••	••	••	K ₄ Fe(CN) ₆
Potassium Hydroxide (Dilute, Cold)	•	••	••	••	••	••	••	•	••	КОН
Potassium Hydroxide (Dilute, Hot)	•	•	••	••	••	••	•	•	••	КОН
Potassium Hydroxide (70%, Cold)	•	••	••	••	••	••	•	~	••	КОН
Potassium Hydroxide (70%, Hot)	•	••	••	••	••	••	•	~	••	KOH
Potassium Iodide	•		•	••	••	•	••	••	••	KJ
Potassium Nitrate	•	•	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	KNO₃
Potassium Oxalate	*	*	•	••	••	*	*	*	••	VMnO
Potassium Permanganate	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	KMnO₄



					Materials	;				
Medium			Me	tallic				Soft		Formula
modium		Standard			Special					romana
Potassium Phosphate	CI *	CS *	SS	H.C *	A.20 *	M *	N	V	T	
Potassium Phosphate (Di-Basic)	*	* ••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Potassium Phosphate (Tri-Basic)	*	••	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Potassium Sulfate	- A-	•	••	*	••	•	••	••	••	K ₂ SO ₄
Potassium Sulfide	•	•	••	*	••	*	••	•	••	K ₂ S
Potassium Sulfite	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	K ₂ SO ₃ +2H ₂ O
Potassium Triphosphate	*	••	••	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Producer Gas	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Propane Gas	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	C ₃ H ₈
Propyl Alcohol	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	CH3-CH2-CH2OH
Propyl Bromide	*	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Propylene Glycol	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Pyridine	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Pyrogallic Acid	•	•	•	••	••	*	•	••	••	OH-OH-OH=H ₃ O ₃
Pyrogallol	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Pyroligneous Acid	*	*	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Pyrosulfuric Acid. Oleum	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Q										
Quenching Oil	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Quinine Bisulfate (Dry)	*	*	••	••	••	•	•	•	••	
Quinine Sulfate (Dry)	*	*	••	••	••	•	•	•	••	
		_		_	_				_	
R		_		_						
Resin	-		••	••	••	*		••	••	
Road Tar	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Roof Pitch	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Rosin Emulsion	-	-	••	••	••	*	-	••	••	
Rosin Emulsion Rubber Latex Emulsion	*		••	*	*	*	*	•	••	
Rubber Solvent	••	••	••	*	*	*	*	~	••	
Rubbel Solvetti	•	•		•	•	Α.				
		_		_	_		_		_	
Salad Oil			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Salicylic Acid	_	_	••	••	••	•	•	••	••	C ₆ H ₄ OHCOOH
Salt Brine	•	*	•	••	••	•	•	•	••	04.110.100011
Salt (NaCl)			•	••	••	••	••	••	••	NaCI
Sea Water		-	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Sewage	•		•	*	*	*	••	•	••	
Shellac (Bleached)	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	~	••	
Shellac (Orange)	•	••	••	*	*	*	••	*	••	
Silicon (Fluid)	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Silver Bromide	*	•	••	••	••	•	*	*	••	
Silver Cyanide	•	*	••	••	••	•	•	•	••	
Silver Nitrate	•	•	•	•	••	*		••	••	AgNo₃
Silver Plating Solution	*	*	••	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Soap Solution	•	••	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Soda Ash	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Sodium Acetate	•		•	••	••	•	•	•	••	NaC2-H3O2+3H2O
Sodium Aluminate	•		•	*	*	*	••	••	••	NaAlO ₂
Sodium Bicarbonate	*		•	••	••	••	••	••	••	NaHCO₃
Sodium Bisulfate (10%)	~	•	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	NaHSO ₄
Sodium Bisulfite (10%)	V	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	NaHSO ₃
Sodium Borate	*	•	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	NaBO ₂
Sodium Bromide (10%)	*	•	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Sodium Carbonate	•	•	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	Na ₂ CO ₃
Sodium Chlorate	•	•	•	••	••	*	•	••	••	CIO₃Na
Sodium Chloride	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	NaCl
Sodium Chromate	• v	• v	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	NaCrO ₄ +10H ₂ O
Sodium Citrate	*	*	••	•• ••	••	*	*	*	••	
Sodium Cyanide	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Sodium Dichromate	*	•	••	••	••		•	*	••	Net
Sodium Fluoride	••	••	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	NaF NaOH
Sodium Hydroxide (20%, Cold)				-71	-4	-71	-,-			INAULI

Note: •• Excellent • Good ■ Poor ▼ Very Poor * Data Unavailable

Cl = Cast Iron CS = Carbon Steel SS = Stainless Steel CF8M, 316 H.C = Hastelloy C A.20 = Alloy 20 M = Monel N = Nitrile V = Viton T = PTFE, Teflon



					Materials					
			Me	tallic	materiale					
Medium		Standard			Special					Formula
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	A.20	M	N	V	T	
Sodium Hydroxide (20%, Hot)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	NaOH
Sodium Hydroxide (50%, Cold)	•	••	••	*	*	*	••		••	NaOH
Sodium Hydroxide (50%, Hot)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	NaOH
Sodium Hydroxide (70%, Cold)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•		••	NaOH
Sodium Hydroxide (70%, Hot)		•	•	*	*	*	•		••	NaOH
Sodium Hypochloride	*	•	•	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Sodium Hypochlorite	•	~	-	••		•		••	••	
Sodium Hypochlorite (Dilute)	•	~	•	••		•		•	••	
Sodium Lactate	*	*	••	••	••	•	*	*	••	
Sodium Metaphosphate		•	••	*	*	*	••	•	••	Na ₄ P ₂ O ₇ +10H ₂ O
Sodium Metasilicate (Cold)	-		••	*	*	*	•	•	••	NaO-SiO₃
Sodium Metasilicate (Hot)	•	•	••	*	*	*	*	*	••	
Sodium Nitrate	•	•	••	••	••	•		••	••	
Sodium Nitrite	*	*	••	*	*	*	-	•	••	
Sodium Perborate	•	•	•	*	*	*	-	••	••	NaBO3 + H2O
Sodium Peroxide	-		•	••	••	•	-	••	••	Na ₂ O ₂
Sodium Phosphate	*		••	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Sodium Phosphate (Di-Basic)			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	Na ₂ HPO ₄
Sodium Phosphate (Tri-Basic)			•	*	*	*	•	••	••	Na ₃ PO ₄
Sodium Polyphosphate	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Sodium Salicylate	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Sodium Silicate	•	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	$Na_2O-SiO_2-(Na_2O-SiO_2+H_2O)$
Sodium Silicate (Hot)			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Sodium Sulfate	•	•	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	Na ₂ SO ₄
Sodium Sulfide	•	•	•	••	••	*	••	••	••	Na ₂ S
Sodium Sulfide (Hot)			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Sodium Sulfite	-		••	••	••		•	•	••	
Sodium Tetraborate	*		•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Sodium Thiosulfate		•	••	*	*	•	••	••	••	
Sodium Triphosphate	*	••	••	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Soft Water	*	•	••	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Solvent (Lacquer)	-		••	*	*	*	~	~	••	
Solvent (Paint)	••	••	••	*	*	*	~	•	••	
Soybean Oil			••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Stannic Chloride	•	_	•	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Stannous Chloride	•	▼	•	••	••	•	•	••	••	
Starch			•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Steam (212∞ F)	••	••	••	*	*	••	-		••	
Stearate	*	•	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Stearic Acid			•	••	••	•	•	••	••	C17H35COOH
Styrene	•	••	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	C ₆ H ₃ CH=CH ₂
Succinic Acid	*		••		*	*	*	*	••	
Sugar (Liquid)	•	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	C12H22O11
Sugar (Syrup & Jam)		•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	0.21,1.20
Sulfate (Black Liquor)			•	*	*	*			••	
Sulfate (Green Liquor)			•	*	*	*			••	
Sulfate (White Liquor)			•	*	*	*			••	
Sulfonic Acid	*	*	•	*	*	*	<u>-</u>	•	••	
Sulfur			•	*	*	*	-	•	••	S
Sulfur Chloride (Dry)	-	<u>-</u>	*	••	••	•	-	••	••	9
Sulfur Dioxide (Dry)	•	•	••	-	••	••	*	•	••	SO ₂
Sulfur Dioxide (Wet)	*	*	••	••	••	-	-	*	••	SO ₂
Sulfur Hexafluoride	*	*	••	*	*	*	•	*	••	302
Sulfur (Molten)	★	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Sulfur Trioxide	*		*	*	*	*	*		••	SO ₃
Sulfur Trioxide (Dry)	•		••	*	*	*	*	••	••	30,
Sulfuric Acid (0-7%)	*	-	•	••	★	* ●	•	••	••	H2SO4
Sulfuric Acid (0-7 %)	*	*	-	••	••	•	-	••	••	H ₂ SO ₄
Sulfuric Acid (50%)	*	Ť	*	••	••		*	••	••	H ₂ SO ₄
Sulfuric Acid (100%)	•		••	*	*	*	*	•	••	H2SO4
Sulfurous Acid	•	÷	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₂ SO ₃
Synthesis Gas	•		•	*	*	*	••	••	••	112503
Synthetic Detergent			•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Symmetric Detergent			•	π.	Ψ.	Ψ.				
T										
Tall Oil	•	•	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Tallow (Molten)	*	*	•	*	*	*	••	••	••	
ranow (worten)	-14	4		-1,		-10	-		-	

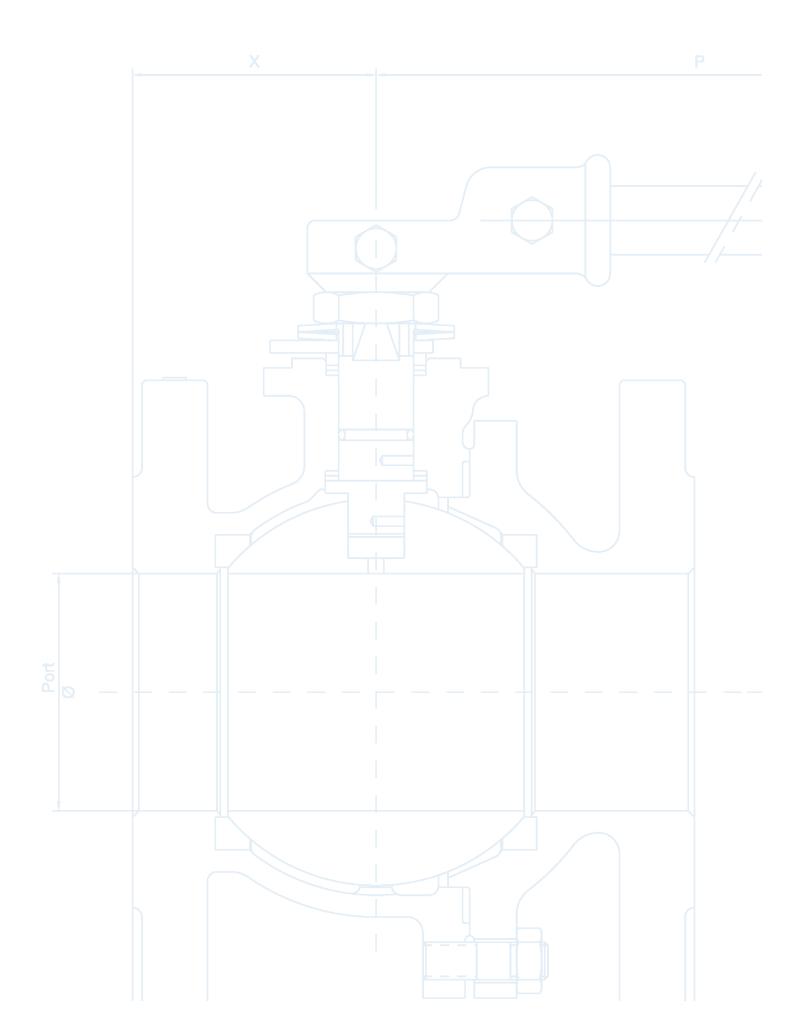


Media	Metallic						Soft			Formula
	Standard			Special						roimaia
	CI	CS	SS	H.C	A.20	M	N	V	T	
Tannic Acid	•		•	••	••	*	•	••	••	C76H52O46
Tannin	•		•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Tanning Liquor	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Tar & Tar Oil	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Tartaric Acid	•	•	••	••	••	*	•	••	••	(CHOHCOOH) ₂
Tetraethyl Lead			•	*	*	*	-	••	••	
Toluene	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	C ₆ H ₅ CH ₃
Toluol	••	••	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Tolyl Acid	•		•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Tomato Juice	•		••	••	••	•	••	••	••	
Transformer Oil	•	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Tributhyl Phosphate	*	••	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Trichloroacetic Acid	*	•	-	*	*	*		•	••	C ₂ HCI ₃
Trichloroethylene	-	•	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Triethanolamine	*	*	••	*	*	*	•	*	••	
Triethylamine	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Trisodium Phosphate	*	*	*	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Tung Oil			••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Turpentine	•	•	••	••	••	•	•	••	••	
U										
Urea			•	*	*	*		~	••	(NH ₂) ₂ CO
Uric Acid	*	*	••	••	••	*	*	*	••	
	_									
V					Ne					
Varmish	•		••	••	*	•	•	•	••	
Vaseline	-		•	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Vegetable Oil	*	•	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	
Vinegar	~	-	••	••	••	•		V	••	
Vinyl Acetate	•	•	•	*	*	*	*	*	••	
W	_		-	_				_	_	_
Water (Acid Mine)	*	-	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
Water (Cold)	*	••	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₂ O
Water (Distilled)	- T	~	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₂ O
Water (Fresh)			••	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₂ O
Water (Hard)	*		••	*	*	*	•	*	••	HNO3
Water (Hot, 150°F)			••	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₂ O
Water (Salt Sea)	- -	-	•	*	*	*	•	••	••	H ₂ O+NaCI+K ₂ SO ₄ +MgC
Water (Soft)	*		••	*	*	*	•	*	••	1120 114001+12304+1VIgC
Wax				*	*	*			••	
Whiskey	~	~	••	*	*	*	•	••	••	
White Liquor				*	*	*			••	
White Sulfate Liquor			•	*	*	*			••	
Wine Suitate Elquoi	_	_	••	*	*	*	-	••	••	
VVIIIO			30	7	7	•				
Х										
Xylene (Dry)	•	•	••	*	*	*	~	•	••	C6H4(CH3)2
Xylole (Dry)	•	•	••	*	*	*	•	•	••	, ,
Z										
Zinc Bromide	*	*	•	*	*	*	•	•	••	
Zinc Chloride		•	•	•	••	•	•	••	••	Cl₂Zn
Zinc Hydrosulfite	•	••	••	*	*	*	••	••	••	ZnS ₂ O ₄ +2H ₂ O
Zinc Sulfate	~	~	••	••	••	•	••	••	••	SO ₄ Zn+7H ₂ O

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NOTES



/ CAUTION

Technical data published in this catalog has been developed from our design calculation, in-house testing, field reports provided by our customers and/or published official standards or specifications. They are good only to cover typical applications as a general guideline to users of KITZ * - "Iso" * products introduced in this catalog.

For any specific application, users are kindly requested to contact KITZ CORPORATION for technical advice, or to carry out their own study and evaluation for proving suitability of these products to such an application. Failure to follow this request could result in property damage and/or personal injury, for which we shall not be liable.

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